

B-LCL-HROC173 Cells | 302039

Description	The cell line was derived from the peripheral blood of a patient with CRC.
Organism	Human
Tissue	Peripheral blood
Disease	Carcinoma
Metastatic site	Not applicable (EBV-transformed B-LCL from CRC patient; suspension culture)
Applications	T cell and NK cell assays; HLA typing; antigen presentation studies; CTL assay target cells; colorectal cancer immunology; HROC173 patient-matched biobank studies
Synonyms	TiBc HROC173
Age	45 years
Gender	Male
Ethnicity	Caucasian
Morphology	Round cells
Cell type	B lymphoblast
Growth properties	Suspension
Citation	B-LCL-HROC173 (Cytion catalog number 302039)
Biosafety level	2
NCBI_TaxID	9606

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CellosaurusAccession Not assigned

GMO Status GMO-S2: This B-LCL contains a stably maintained EBV episome (EBNA-1/-2/-3, LMP-1/-2). EBV is classified as risk group 2; BSL-2 containment required. This classification applies within Germany; regulations may differ elsewhere.

Viruses Transformant: EBV

Culture Medium RPMI 1640, w: 2.0 mM stable Glutamine, w: 2.0 g/L NaHCO₃ (Cytion article number 820700a)

Supplements Supplement the medium with 10% heat-inactivated FBS

Doubling time 24 to 48 hours

Subculturing Gently homogenize the cell suspension in the flask by pipetting up and down, then take a representative sample to determine the cell density per ml. Dilute the suspension to achieve a cell concentration of 1×10^5 cells/ml with fresh culture medium, and aliquot the adjusted suspension into new flasks for further cultivation.

Split ratio 1 to 4

Seeding density 2 to 5×10^5 cells/ml

Fluid renewal Every 2 to 3 days

Freeze medium As a cryopreservation medium, we use complete growth medium (including FBS) + 10% DMSO for adequate post-thaw viability, or CM-1 (Cytion catalog number 800100), which includes optimized osmoprotectants and metabolic stabilizers to enhance recovery and reduce cryo-induced stress.

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Thawing and Culturing Cells

1. Confirm that the vial remains deeply frozen upon delivery, as cells are shipped on dry ice to maintain optimal temperatures during transit.
2. Upon receipt, either store the cryovial immediately at temperatures below -150°C to ensure the preservation of cellular integrity, or proceed to step 3 if immediate culturing is required.
3. For immediate culturing, swiftly thaw the vial by immersing it in a 37°C water bath with clean water and an antimicrobial agent, agitating gently for 40-60 seconds until a small ice clump remains.
4. Perform all subsequent steps under sterile conditions in a flow hood, disinfecting the cryovial with 70% ethanol before opening.
5. Carefully open the disinfected vial and transfer the cell suspension into a 15 ml centrifuge tube containing 8 ml of room-temperature culture medium, mixing gently.
6. Centrifuge the mixture at $300 \times g$ for 3 minutes to separate the cells and carefully discard the supernatant containing residual freezing medium.
7. Gently resuspend the cell pellet in 10 ml of fresh culture medium. For adherent cells, divide the suspension between two T25 culture flasks; for suspension cultures, transfer all the medium into one T25 flask to promote effective cell interaction and growth.
8. Adhere to established subculture protocols for continued growth and maintenance of the cell line, ensuring reliable experimental outcomes.

Incubation Atmosphere

37°C , 5% CO_2 , humidified atmosphere.

Shipping Conditions

Cryopreserved cell lines are shipped on dry ice in validated, insulated packaging with sufficient refrigerant to maintain approximately -78°C throughout transit. On receipt, inspect the container immediately and transfer vials without delay to appropriate storage.

Storage Conditions

For long-term preservation, place vials in vapor-phase liquid nitrogen at about -150 to -196°C . Storage at -80°C is acceptable only as a short interim step before transfer to liquid nitrogen.

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Sterility

Mycoplasma contamination is excluded using both PCR-based assays and luminescence-based mycoplasma detection methods.

To ensure there is no bacterial, fungal, or yeast contamination, cell cultures are subjected to daily visual inspections.