Product sheet

WT-CLS1 Cells | 300379

Description	The WT-CLS1 cell line was established from a primary Wilms' tumor by CLS in 1998. However, the cells have rhabdoid characteristics, as demonstrated by E. Kunce Stroup et al. in 2017. WT-CLS1 cells are sensitive to miR-16, as a result cyclin D genes expression decreases. In addition, the cells showed a unique resistance to IGF1R inhibition, in contrast to true Wilm's tumor cells.
Organism	Human
Tissue	Kidney
Disease	Rhabdoid tumor
Synonyms	CLS1

Age	5 years
Gender	Female
Ethnicity	Caucasian
Morphology	Epithelial-like
Cell type	B lymphoblast
Growth properties	Monolayer, adherent

Citation	WT-CLS1 (Cytion catalog number 300379)
Biosafety level	1
NCBI_TaxID	9606
CellosaurusAccession	CVCL_5904

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Tumorigenic	Yes, in nude mice. Forms tumor with small cells consistent with Wilms' tumor (xenografts may not represent Wilm's tumors completely, see E. Kunce Stroup 2017)
Viruses	HIV-1: negative, HBV: negative, HCV: negative
Mutational profile	WT1 mutation status: wild type, CTNNB1 mutation status: wild type, no LOH.

Culture Medium	IMDM, w: 4.5 g/L Glucose, w: 4 mM L-Glutamine, w: 25 mM HEPES, w: 1.0 mM Sodium pyruvate, w: 3.024 g/L NaHCO3 (Cytion article number 820800a)
Supplements	Supplement the medium with 10% FBS
Dissociation Reagent	Accutase
Subculturing	Remove the old medium from the adherent cells and wash them with PBS that lacks calcium and magnesium. For T25 flasks, use 3-5 ml of PBS, and for T75 flasks, use 5-10 ml. Then, cover the cells completely with Accutase, using 1-2 ml for T25 flasks and 2.5 ml for T75 flasks. Let the cells incubate at room temperature for 8-10 minutes to detach them. After incubation, gently mix the cells with 10 ml of medium to resuspend them, then centrifuge at 300xg for 3 minutes. Discard the supernatant, resuspend the cells in fresh medium, and transfer them into new flasks that already contain fresh medium.
Seeding density	1 to 3 x 10^5 cells/cm^2
Fluid renewal	Every 3 to 4 days
Freeze medium	As a cryopreservation medium, we use complete growth medium (including FBS) + 10% DMSO for adequate post-thaw viability, or CM-1 (Cytion catalog number 800100), which includes optimized osmoprotectants and metabolic stabilizers to enhance recovery and reduce cryo-induced stress.

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Thawing and Culturing Cells

1. Confirm that the vial remains deeply frozen upon delivery, as cells are shipped on dry ice to maintain optimal temperatures during transit.
2. Upon receipt, either store the cryovial immediately at temperatures below -150°C to ensure the preservation of cellular integrity, or proceed to step 3 if immediate culturing is required.
3. For immediate culturing, swiftly thaw the vial by immersing it in a 37°C water bath with clean water and an antimicrobial agent, agitating gently for 40-60 seconds until a small ice clump remains.
4. Perform all subsequent steps under sterile conditions in a flow hood, disinfecting the cryovial with 70% ethanol before opening.
5. Carefully open the disinfected vial and transfer the cell suspension into a 15 ml centrifuge tube containing 8 ml of room-temperature culture medium, mixing gently.
6. Centrifuge the mixture at 300 x g for 3 minutes to separate the cells and carefully discard the supernatant containing residual freezing medium.
7. Gently resuspend the cell pellet in 10 ml of fresh culture medium. For adherent cells, divide the suspension between two T25 culture flasks; for suspension cultures, transfer all the medium into one T25 flask to promote effective cell interaction and growth.
8. Adhere to established subculture protocols for continued growth and maintenance of the cell line, ensuring reliable experimental outcomes.

Incubation Atmosphere

37°C, 5% CO_2, humidified atmosphere.

Shipping Conditions

Cryopreserved cell lines are shipped on dry ice in validated, insulated packaging with sufficient refrigerant to maintain approximately −78 °C throughout transit. On receipt, inspect the container immediately and transfer vials without delay to appropriate storage.

Storage Conditions

For long-term preservation, place vials in vapor-phase liquid nitrogen at about −150 to −196 °C. Storage at −80 °C is acceptable only as a short interim step before transfer to liquid nitrogen.

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Sterility

Mycoplasma contamination is excluded using both PCR-based assays and luminescence-based mycoplasma detection methods.

To ensure there is no bacterial, fungal, or yeast contamination, cell cultures are subjected to daily visual inspections.