

## CHO-CXCR7 Cells (medium-high) | 305412MH

### Description

**Disclaimer: The prices displayed for cell lines are exclusively for academic/not-for-profit customers. For commercial entities the price is approximately €6,250.**

**If you represent a commercial entity or are unsure which category applies, please [contact us](#).**

The CHO-CXCR7-Medium-high cell line is a stable recombinant CHO (Chinese Hamster Ovary) cell line engineered to express the CXCR7 receptor at a medium-high level. This cell line was created using an innovative landing pad technology, which allows for targeted integration of the CXCR7 gene at a pre-validated genomic locus, ensuring consistent and reproducible expression. CXCR7, also known as ACKR3, is an atypical chemokine receptor involved in immune modulation and cancer biology. Unlike typical GPCRs, CXCR7 does not signal through G proteins but instead scavenges chemokines such as CXCL12 and CXCL11, and forms heterodimers with CXCR4, influencing processes like tumor progression, metastasis, and angiogenesis.

CXCR7 is notably overexpressed in various cancers, including breast, lung, and prostate cancers, where it is linked to increased tumor growth, metastasis, and poorer prognosis. This makes the CHO-CXCR7-Medium-high cell line particularly valuable for oncology research, allowing for the study of CXCR7's role in cancer progression and its potential as a therapeutic target. The expression of CXCR7 in this cell line was confirmed using flow cytometry.

**Organism** Chinese hamster

**Tissue** Ovary

**Disease** Chinese hamster ovary, non-neoplastic; genetically engineered for CXCR7 (ACKR3) surface expression (medium-high expression level)

**Applications** Antibody screening; CXCR7-targeted therapy development; chemokine receptor biology; tumor microenvironment research; flow cytometry

**Synonyms** CHO-CXCR7

**Age** Adult

**Gender** Female

**Morphology** Epithelial-like

**Cell type** Epithelial cells

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<b>Growth properties</b>	Adherent/suspension
<b>Citation</b>	CHO-CXCR7 Medium-high (Cytion catalog number 305412MH)
<b>Biosafety level</b>	1
<b>NCBI_TaxID</b>	10029
<b>CellosaurusAccession</b>	CVCL_A8W2
<b>GMO Status</b>	GMO-S1: This CHO cell line contains a construct supporting medium-to-high expression of human CXCR7 for chemokine receptor research. This classification applies only within Germany and may differ elsewhere.
<b>Receptors expressed</b>	CXCR7 (ACKR3)
<b>Culture Medium</b>	<p>For adherent cultures: DMEM:Ham's F12 (1:1), w: 3.1 g/L Glucose, w: 2.5 mM L-Glutamine, w: 15 mM HEPES, w: 0.5 mM Sodium pyruvate, w: 1.2 g/L NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (Cytion article number 820400a)</p> <p>For suspension cultures: CHO Growth Medium A (from InSCREENeX; InSCREENeX catalog number INS-ME-1039)</p>
<b>Supplements</b>	For adherent cultures: Supplement the medium with 5% FBS. Add Geneticin (G418-Sulfat) to achieve a final concentration of 0.5 mg/mL.
<b>Dissociation Reagent</b>	For adherent cultures: Trypsin-EDTA
<b>Doubling time</b>	approx. 14-16 hours

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**Subculturing** For routine adherent cell culture: Aspirate the old culture medium from the adherent cells, and wash them with PBS to remove any remaining medium. After aspirating the PBS, add the appropriate volume of Trypsin/EDTA solution based on the culture vessel size (e.g., 1 ml for a T25 flask, 3 ml for a T75 flask) and incubate at room temperature or 37°C for 5-10 minutes, or until the cells detach. Monitor detachment under a microscope, and gently tap the vessel if necessary to release the cells. Once detached, add complete medium to inactivate the Trypsin/EDTA, gently resuspend the cells, and transfer an aliquot of the cell suspension into a new culture vessel containing fresh medium. Place the vessel in an incubator set to 37°C with 5% CO<sub>2</sub>, and change the medium every 2-3 days.

**Split ratio** 1 to 5

**Seeding density** 2 to 5 x 10<sup>4</sup> cells/cm<sup>2</sup>

**Fluid renewal** 2 to 3 times per week

**Post-Thaw Recovery** After thawing, split the cells at a ratio of 1:2 to 1:3 in T25 flasks and allow the cells to recover from the freezing process and to adhere (for adherent cultures) for at least 24 hours.

**Freeze medium** As a cryopreservation medium, we use complete growth medium (including FBS) + 10% DMSO for adequate post-thaw viability, or CM-1 (Cytion catalog number 800100), which includes optimized osmoprotectants and metabolic stabilizers to enhance recovery and reduce cryo-induced stress.

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### Thawing and Culturing Cells

1. Confirm that the vial remains deeply frozen upon delivery, as cells are shipped on dry ice to maintain optimal temperatures during transit.
2. Upon receipt, either store the cryovial immediately at temperatures below  $-150^{\circ}\text{C}$  to ensure the preservation of cellular integrity, or proceed to step 3 if immediate culturing is required.
3. For immediate culturing, swiftly thaw the vial by immersing it in a  $37^{\circ}\text{C}$  water bath with clean water and an antimicrobial agent, agitating gently for 40-60 seconds until a small ice clump remains.
4. Perform all subsequent steps under sterile conditions in a flow hood, disinfecting the cryovial with 70% ethanol before opening.
5. Carefully open the disinfected vial and transfer the cell suspension into a 15 ml centrifuge tube containing 8 ml of room-temperature culture medium, mixing gently.
6. Centrifuge the mixture at  $300 \times g$  for 3 minutes to separate the cells and carefully discard the supernatant containing residual freezing medium.
7. Gently resuspend the cell pellet in 10 ml of fresh culture medium. For adherent cells, divide the suspension between two T25 culture flasks; for suspension cultures, transfer all the medium into one T25 flask to promote effective cell interaction and growth.
8. Adhere to established subculture protocols for continued growth and maintenance of the cell line, ensuring reliable experimental outcomes.

### Incubation Atmosphere

$37^{\circ}\text{C}$ , 5%  $\text{CO}_2$ , humidified atmosphere.

### Shipping Conditions

Cryopreserved cell lines are shipped on dry ice in validated, insulated packaging with sufficient refrigerant to maintain approximately  $-78^{\circ}\text{C}$  throughout transit. On receipt, inspect the container immediately and transfer vials without delay to appropriate storage.

### Storage Conditions

For long-term preservation, place vials in vapor-phase liquid nitrogen at about  $-150$  to  $-196^{\circ}\text{C}$ . Storage at  $-80^{\circ}\text{C}$  is acceptable only as a short interim step before transfer to liquid nitrogen.

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### **Sterility**

Mycoplasma contamination is excluded using both PCR-based assays and luminescence-based mycoplasma detection methods.

To ensure there is no bacterial, fungal, or yeast contamination, cell cultures are subjected to daily visual inspections.