

CHO-CXCR7 Cells (low) | 305412L

Description

Disclaimer: The prices displayed for cell lines are exclusively for academic/not-for-profit customers. For commercial entities the price is approximately €6,250.

If you represent a commercial entity or are unsure which category applies, please [contact us](#).

The CHO-CXCR7-Low cell line is a stable recombinant CHO (Chinese Hamster Ovary) cell line expressing the CXCR7 receptor at a low level. This cell line was generated using an innovative landing pad technology, allowing for reproducible and precise integration of the CXCR7 gene at a validated genomic locus. CXCR7, also known as ACKR3, is an atypical chemokine receptor involved in various biological processes, including immune modulation and tumor biology. Unlike classical GPCRs, CXCR7 does not signal through G proteins but instead modulates cellular responses by scavenging chemokines, such as CXCL12 and CXCL11, and interacting with CXCR4 through heterodimer formation.

Overexpression of CXCR7 has been implicated in several cancers, including breast, lung, and prostate, where it is associated with enhanced tumor progression, metastasis, and poor prognosis. CXCR7 contributes to cancer progression by altering the tumor microenvironment, promoting angiogenesis, and facilitating cancer cell migration and invasion. Due to its significant role in cancer biology, CXCR7 is an important target in oncology research. The expression of CXCR7 in this cell line was confirmed using flow cytometry.

Organism Chinese hamster

Tissue Ovary

Disease Chinese hamster ovary, non-neoplastic; genetically engineered for CXCR7 (ACKR3) surface expression (low expression level)

Applications Antibody screening; CXCR7-targeted therapy development; chemokine receptor biology; tumor microenvironment research; flow cytometry

Synonyms CHO-CXCR7

Age Adult

Gender Female

Morphology Epithelial-like

Cell type Epithelial cells

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Growth properties	Monolayer, adherent
Citation	CHO-CXCR7 Low (Cytion catalog number 305412L)
Biosafety level	1
NCBI_TaxID	10029
CellosaurusAccession	CVCL_A8W1
GMO Status	GMO-S1: This CHO cell line contains a recombinant CXCR7 expression cassette at low levels, suitable for controlled receptor-ligand studies. This classification applies only within Germany and may differ elsewhere.
Receptors expressed	CXCR7 (ACKR3)
Culture Medium	Ham's F12, w: 1.0 mM stable Glutamine, w: 1.0 mM Sodium pyruvate, w: 1.1 g/L NaHCO ₃ (Cytion article number 820600a)
Supplements	Supplement the medium with 10% FBS. Add Geneticin (G418-Sulfat) to achieve a final concentration of 0.5 mg/mL.
Dissociation Reagent	Trypsin-EDTA
Doubling time	approx. 14-16 hours
Subculturing	For routine adherent cell culture: Aspirate the old culture medium from the adherent cells, and wash them with PBS to remove any remaining medium. After aspirating the PBS, add the appropriate volume of Trypsin/EDTA solution based on the culture vessel size (e.g., 1 ml for a T25 flask, 3 ml for a T75 flask) and incubate at room temperature or 37°C until the cells detach (5-10 minutes). Monitor detachment under a microscope, and gently tap the vessel if necessary to release the cells. Once detached, add complete medium to inactivate the Trypsin/EDTA, gently resuspend the cells, and transfer an aliquot of the cell suspension into a new culture vessel containing fresh medium. Place the vessel in an incubator set to 37°C with 5% CO ₂ , and change the medium every 2-3 days.

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After thawing, split the cells at a ratio of 1:2 to 1:3 in T25 flasks and allow the cells to recover from the freezing process and to adhere (for adherent cultures) for at least 24 hours.

Freeze medium

As a cryopreservation medium, we use complete growth medium (including FBS) + 10% DMSO for adequate post-thaw viability, or CM-1 (Cytion catalog number 800100), which includes optimized osmoprotectants and metabolic stabilizers to enhance recovery and reduce cryo-induced stress.

Thawing and Culturing Cells

1. Confirm that the vial remains deeply frozen upon delivery, as cells are shipped on dry ice to maintain optimal temperatures during transit.
2. Upon receipt, either store the cryovial immediately at temperatures below -150°C to ensure the preservation of cellular integrity, or proceed to step 3 if immediate culturing is required.
3. For immediate culturing, swiftly thaw the vial by immersing it in a 37°C water bath with clean water and an antimicrobial agent, agitating gently for 40-60 seconds until a small ice clump remains.
4. Perform all subsequent steps under sterile conditions in a flow hood, disinfecting the cryovial with 70% ethanol before opening.
5. Carefully open the disinfected vial and transfer the cell suspension into a 15 ml centrifuge tube containing 8 ml of room-temperature culture medium, mixing gently.
6. Centrifuge the mixture at 300 x g for 3 minutes to separate the cells and carefully discard the supernatant containing residual freezing medium.
7. Gently resuspend the cell pellet in 10 ml of fresh culture medium. For adherent cells, divide the suspension between two T25 culture flasks; for suspension cultures, transfer all the medium into one T25 flask to promote effective cell interaction and growth.
8. Adhere to established subculture protocols for continued growth and maintenance of the cell line, ensuring reliable experimental outcomes.

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Incubation Atmosphere 37°C, 5% CO₂, humidified atmosphere.

Shipping Conditions Cryopreserved cell lines are shipped on dry ice in validated, insulated packaging with sufficient refrigerant to maintain approximately -78 °C throughout transit. On receipt, inspect the container immediately and transfer vials without delay to appropriate storage.

Storage Conditions For long-term preservation, place vials in vapor-phase liquid nitrogen at about -150 to -196 °C. Storage at -80 °C is acceptable only as a short interim step before transfer to liquid nitrogen.

Sterility Mycoplasma contamination is excluded using both PCR-based assays and luminescence-based mycoplasma detection methods.

To ensure there is no bacterial, fungal, or yeast contamination, cell cultures are subjected to daily visual inspections.