

## CHO-CD20 Cells | 305976

### Informações gerais

#### Description

**Disclaimer: The prices displayed for cell lines are exclusively for academic/not-for-profit customers. For commercial entities the price is approximately €6,250. If you represent a commercial entity or are unsure which category applies, please [contact us](#).**

CHO-CD20 cells are recombinant Chinese hamster ovary (CHO) cells engineered to stably express human CD20 (MS4A1), a non-glycosylated transmembrane phosphoprotein primarily found on the surface of B lymphocytes. CD20 functions in B-cell activation, proliferation, calcium signaling, and differentiation, and is widely recognized as an important therapeutic target in B-cell malignancies such as non-Hodgkin lymphoma, chronic lymphocytic leukemia, and certain autoimmune disorders. Stable CHO-CD20 models provide controlled and reproducible antigen expression for in vitro characterization of CD20-targeted therapeutics and immune effector mechanisms.

CHO-CD20 cells are extensively used in the development and evaluation of monoclonal antibodies, antibody-drug conjugates, bispecific antibodies, and engineered immune cell therapies directed against CD20. These cells support quantitative analysis of antibody binding affinity, receptor occupancy, internalization behavior, complement-dependent cytotoxicity (CDC), antibody-dependent cellular cytotoxicity (ADCC), and Fc-mediated immune activation. They are also widely applied in flow cytometry assay development, epitope mapping, potency testing, and high-throughput screening workflows. Because CHO cells exhibit robust growth characteristics and limited endogenous expression of human immune antigens, they provide a consistent background for recombinant CD20 expression and assay standardization.

#### Organism

Chinese hamster

#### Tissue

Ovary

#### Disease

Chinese hamster ovary, non-neoplastic; genetically engineered for CD20 (MS4A1) surface expression

#### Applications

Antibody screening; ADCC/CDC assays; anti-CD20 therapy development; B-cell malignancy research; flow cytometry

### Características

#### Age

Adult

#### Gender

Female

#### Morphology

Epithelial-like

#### Cell type

Epithelial cell of ovary

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<b>Growth properties</b>	Adherent/suspension
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## Dados regulatórios

<b>Citation</b>	CHO-CD20 (Cytion catalog number 305976)
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<b>Biosafety level</b>	1
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<b>NCBI_TaxID</b>	10029
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<b>CellosaurusAccession</b>	CVCL_A8V4
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<b>GMO Status</b>	GMO-S1: This CHO cell line contains a CD20 expression cassette supporting receptor-function analyses. This classification applies only within Germany and may differ elsewhere.
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## Dados biomoleculares

<b>Receptors expressed</b>	CD20
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## Manuseio

<b>Culture Medium</b>	For adherent cultures: DMEM:Ham's F12 (1:1), w: 3.1 g/L Glucose, w: 2.5 mM L-Glutamine, w: 15 mM HEPES, w: 0.5 mM Sodium pyruvate, w: 1.2 g/L NaHCO <sub>3</sub> (Cytion article number 820400a)  For suspension cultures: CHO Growth Medium A (from InSCREENeX; InSCREENeX catalog number INS-ME-1039)
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<b>Supplements</b>	For adherent cultures: Supplement the medium with 5% FBS. Add Geneticin (G418-Sulfat) to achieve a final concentration of 0.5 mg/mL.
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<b>Dissociation Reagent</b>	For adherent cultures: Trypsin-EDTA
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<b>Doubling time</b>	approx. 14-16 hours
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**Subculturing** For routine adherent cell culture: Aspirate the old culture medium from the adherent cells, and wash them with PBS to remove any remaining medium. After aspirating the PBS, add the appropriate volume of Trypsin/EDTA solution based on the culture vessel size (e.g., 1 ml for a T25 flask, 3 ml for a T75 flask) and incubate at room temperature or 37°C for 5-10 minutes, or until the cells detach. Monitor detachment under a microscope, and gently tap the vessel if necessary to release the cells. Once detached, add complete medium to inactivate the Trypsin/EDTA, gently resuspend the cells, and transfer an aliquot of the cell suspension into a new culture vessel containing fresh medium. Place the vessel in an incubator set to 37°C with 5% CO<sub>2</sub>, and change the medium every 2-3 days.

**Split ratio** 1 to 5

**Seeding density** 2 to 5 x 10<sup>4</sup> cells/cm<sup>2</sup>

**Fluid renewal** 2 to 3 times per week

**Post-Thaw Recovery** After thawing, split the cells at a ratio of 1:2 to 1:3 in T25 flasks and allow the cells to recover from the freezing process and to adhere (for adherent cultures) for at least 24 hours.

**Freeze medium** As a cryopreservation medium, we use complete growth medium (including FBS) + 10% DMSO for adequate post-thaw viability, or CM-1 (Cytion catalog number 800100), which includes optimized osmoprotectants and metabolic stabilizers to enhance recovery and reduce cryo-induced stress.

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### Thawing and Culturing Cells

1. Confirm that the vial remains deeply frozen upon delivery, as cells are shipped on dry ice to maintain optimal temperatures during transit.
2. Upon receipt, either store the cryovial immediately at temperatures below  $-150^{\circ}\text{C}$  to ensure the preservation of cellular integrity, or proceed to step 3 if immediate culturing is required.
3. For immediate culturing, swiftly thaw the vial by immersing it in a  $37^{\circ}\text{C}$  water bath with clean water and an antimicrobial agent, agitating gently for 40-60 seconds until a small ice clump remains.
4. Perform all subsequent steps under sterile conditions in a flow hood, disinfecting the cryovial with 70% ethanol before opening.
5. Carefully open the disinfected vial and transfer the cell suspension into a 15 ml centrifuge tube containing 8 ml of room-temperature culture medium, mixing gently.
6. Centrifuge the mixture at  $300 \times g$  for 3 minutes to separate the cells and carefully discard the supernatant containing residual freezing medium.
7. Gently resuspend the cell pellet in 10 ml of fresh culture medium. For adherent cells, divide the suspension between two T25 culture flasks; for suspension cultures, transfer all the medium into one T25 flask to promote effective cell interaction and growth.
8. Adhere to established subculture protocols for continued growth and maintenance of the cell line, ensuring reliable experimental outcomes.

### Incubation Atmosphere

$37^{\circ}\text{C}$ , 5%  $\text{CO}_2$ , humidified atmosphere.

### Shipping Conditions

Cryopreserved cell lines are shipped on dry ice in validated, insulated packaging with sufficient refrigerant to maintain approximately  $-78^{\circ}\text{C}$  throughout transit. On receipt, inspect the container immediately and transfer vials without delay to appropriate storage.

### Storage Conditions

For long-term preservation, place vials in vapor-phase liquid nitrogen at about  $-150$  to  $-196^{\circ}\text{C}$ . Storage at  $-80^{\circ}\text{C}$  is acceptable only as a short interim step before transfer to liquid nitrogen.

## Controle de Qualidade e Análise Molecular

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**Sterility**

Mycoplasma contamination is excluded using both PCR-based assays and luminescence-based mycoplasma detection methods.

To ensure there is no bacterial, fungal, or yeast contamination, cell cultures are subjected to daily visual inspections.