

CHO-HER2 Cells (high) | 305413H

Informações gerais

Description

Disclaimer: The prices displayed for cell lines are exclusively for academic/not-for-profit customers. For commercial entities the price is approximately €6,250.

If you represent a commercial entity or are unsure which category applies, please [contact us](#).

The CHO-HER2-High cell line is a stable recombinant CHO (Chinese Hamster Ovary) cell line engineered to express the HER2 receptor at a high level, approximately 85,000 molecules per cell. This cell line was generated using an innovative landing pad technology that ensures the HER2 gene is integrated at a specific, pre-validated genomic locus, allowing for consistent and reliable expression. HER2, also known as ERBB2 or CD340, is a member of the epidermal growth factor receptor (EGFR) family and plays a crucial role in regulating cell growth and differentiation. It is well-known for its involvement in breast and ovarian cancers, where its overexpression is linked to increased tumor aggressiveness and poorer patient outcomes. HER2 is a key target for cancer therapies such as Trastuzumab (Herceptin) and Pertuzumab (Perjeta). This cell line is versatile, supporting both adherent and suspension culture conditions, with adherent cells exhibiting an epithelial-like morphology. The expression of CXCR7 in this cell line was confirmed using flow cytometry.

Organism

Chinese hamster

Tissue

Ovary

Disease

Chinese hamster ovary, non-neoplastic; genetically engineered for HER2 (ErbB2/CD340) surface expression (high expression level)

Applications

Antibody screening; ADCC/CDC assays; HER2-targeted therapy development; breast/gastric cancer research; flow cytometry

Synonyms

CHO-HER2

Características

Age

Adult

Gender

Female

Morphology

Epithelial-like

Cell type

Epithelial cells

Growth properties

Adherent/suspension

CHO-HER2 Cells (high) | 305413H**Dados regulatórios**

Citation	CHO-HER2 High (Cytion catalog number 305413H)
Biosafety level	1
NCBI_TaxID	10029
CellosaurusAccession	CVCL_A8W6
GMO Status	GMO-S1: This CHO cell line contains a construct enabling high-level expression of human HER2 for oncology and receptor-signaling studies. This classification applies only within Germany and may differ elsewhere.

Dados biomoleculares

Receptors expressed	HER2
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Manuseio

Culture Medium	<p>For adherent cultures: DMEM:Ham's F12 (1:1), w: 3.1 g/L Glucose, w: 2.5 mM L-Glutamine, w: 15 mM HEPES, w: 0.5 mM Sodium pyruvate, w: 1.2 g/L NaHCO₃ (Cytion article number 820400a)</p> <p>For suspension cultures: CHO Growth Medium A (from InSCREENeX; InSCREENeX catalog number INS-ME-1039)</p>
Supplements	For adherent cultures: Supplement the medium with 5% FBS. Add Geneticin (G418-Sulfat) to achieve a final concentration of 0.5 mg/mL.
Dissociation Reagent	For adherent cultures: Trypsin-EDTA
Doubling time	approx. 14-16 hours
Subculturing	For routine adherent cell culture: Aspirate the old culture medium from the adherent cells, and wash them with PBS to remove any remaining medium. After aspirating the PBS, add the appropriate volume of Trypsin/EDTA solution based on the culture vessel size (e.g., 1 ml for a T25 flask, 3 ml for a T75 flask) and incubate at room temperature or 37°C for 5-10 minutes, or until the cells detach. Monitor detachment under a microscope, and gently tap the vessel if necessary to release the cells. Once detached, add complete medium to inactivate the Trypsin/EDTA, gently resuspend the cells, and transfer an aliquot of the cell suspension into a new culture vessel containing fresh medium. Place the vessel in an incubator set to 37°C with 5% CO ₂ , and change the medium every 2-3 days.

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Split ratio 1 to 5

Seeding density 2 to 5 x 10⁴ cells/cm²

Fluid renewal 2 to 3 times per week

Post-Thaw Recovery

After thawing, split the cells at a ratio of 1:2 to 1:3 in T25 flasks and allow the cells to recover from the freezing process and to adhere (for adherent cultures) for at least 24 hours.

Freeze medium

As a cryopreservation medium, we use complete growth medium (including FBS) + 10% DMSO for adequate post-thaw viability, or CM-1 (Cytion catalog number 800100), which includes optimized osmoprotectants and metabolic stabilizers to enhance recovery and reduce cryo-induced stress.

Thawing and Culturing Cells

1. Confirm that the vial remains deeply frozen upon delivery, as cells are shipped on dry ice to maintain optimal temperatures during transit.
2. Upon receipt, either store the cryovial immediately at temperatures below -150°C to ensure the preservation of cellular integrity, or proceed to step 3 if immediate culturing is required.
3. For immediate culturing, swiftly thaw the vial by immersing it in a 37°C water bath with clean water and an antimicrobial agent, agitating gently for 40-60 seconds until a small ice clump remains.
4. Perform all subsequent steps under sterile conditions in a flow hood, disinfecting the cryovial with 70% ethanol before opening.
5. Carefully open the disinfected vial and transfer the cell suspension into a 15 ml centrifuge tube containing 8 ml of room-temperature culture medium, mixing gently.
6. Centrifuge the mixture at 300 x g for 3 minutes to separate the cells and carefully discard the supernatant containing residual freezing medium.
7. Gently resuspend the cell pellet in 10 ml of fresh culture medium. For adherent cells, divide the suspension between two T25 culture flasks; for suspension cultures, transfer all the medium into one T25 flask to promote effective cell interaction and growth.
8. Adhere to established subculture protocols for continued growth and maintenance of the cell line, ensuring reliable experimental outcomes.

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Incubation Atmosphere 37°C, 5% CO₂, humidified atmosphere.

Shipping Conditions Cryopreserved cell lines are shipped on dry ice in validated, insulated packaging with sufficient refrigerant to maintain approximately -78 °C throughout transit. On receipt, inspect the container immediately and transfer vials without delay to appropriate storage.

Storage Conditions For long-term preservation, place vials in vapor-phase liquid nitrogen at about -150 to -196 °C. Storage at -80 °C is acceptable only as a short interim step before transfer to liquid nitrogen.

Controle de Qualidade e Análise Molecular

Sterility Mycoplasma contamination is excluded using both PCR-based assays and luminescence-based mycoplasma detection methods.

To ensure there is no bacterial, fungal, or yeast contamination, cell cultures are subjected to daily visual inspections.