

B-LCL-HROC285 Cells | 300869**Informações gerais****Description**

B-LCL-HROC285 is an Epstein-Barr virus (EBV) transformed B lymphocyte cell line derived from a patient, who had colon adenocarcinoma associated with Lynch syndrome. This specific type of colon cancer is linked to hereditary non-polyposis colorectal cancer (HNPCC), commonly caused by mutations in DNA mismatch repair genes. The B-LCL-HROC285 cell line allows for the study of EBV-related transformation processes in B cells, as well as insights into cancer-related immune responses.

The B-LCL-HROC285, provides a valuable tool for understanding the immune system's interactions with cancer cells, particularly how transformed B cells might interact with the immune environment in colorectal cancers arising from Lynch syndrome. This cell line is useful for immunological and oncological studies due to its genetic background and the EBV transformation process, which is known to influence B-cell proliferation and clonal selection.

Organism

Human

Tissue

Peripheral blood

Disease

Adenocarcinoma

Metastatic site

Not applicable (EBV-transformed B-LCL from Lynch syndrome CRC patient)

Applications

T cell and NK cell assays; HLA typing; Lynch syndrome immunology; mismatch repair (MMR) deficiency-associated immune response; CTL assay target cells; HROC biobank patient-matched studies

Synonyms

B-LCL CO285, Bc HROC285

Características**Age**

30 years

Gender

Female

Ethnicity

Caucasian

Morphology

Round cells

Cell type

B lymphoblast

Growth properties

Suspension

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Citation	B-LCL-HROC285 (Cytion catalog number 300869)
Biosafety level	2
NCBI_TaxID	9606
CellosaurusAccession	Not assigned
GMO Status	GMO-S2: This B-LCL contains a stably maintained EBV episome (EBNA-1/-2/-3, LMP-1/-2). EBV is classified as risk group 2; BSL-2 containment required. This classification applies within Germany; regulations may differ elsewhere.

Dados biomoleculares

Viruses	Transformant: EBV
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Manuseio

Culture Medium	RPMI 1640, w: 2.0 mM stable Glutamine, w: 2.0 g/L NaHCO ₃ (Cytion article number 820700a)
Supplements	Supplement the medium with 10% heat-inactivated FBS
Subculturing	Gently homogenize the cell suspension in the flask by pipetting up and down, then take a representative sample to determine the cell density per ml. Dilute the suspension to achieve a cell concentration of 1×10^5 cells/ml with fresh culture medium, and aliquot the adjusted suspension into new flasks for further cultivation.
Freeze medium	As a cryopreservation medium, we use complete growth medium (including FBS) + 10% DMSO for adequate post-thaw viability, or CM-1 (Cytion catalog number 800100), which includes optimized osmoprotectants and metabolic stabilizers to enhance recovery and reduce cryo-induced stress.

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Thawing and Culturing Cells

1. Confirm that the vial remains deeply frozen upon delivery, as cells are shipped on dry ice to maintain optimal temperatures during transit.
2. Upon receipt, either store the cryovial immediately at temperatures below -150°C to ensure the preservation of cellular integrity, or proceed to step 3 if immediate culturing is required.
3. For immediate culturing, swiftly thaw the vial by immersing it in a 37°C water bath with clean water and an antimicrobial agent, agitating gently for 40-60 seconds until a small ice clump remains.
4. Perform all subsequent steps under sterile conditions in a flow hood, disinfecting the cryovial with 70% ethanol before opening.
5. Carefully open the disinfected vial and transfer the cell suspension into a 15 ml centrifuge tube containing 8 ml of room-temperature culture medium, mixing gently.
6. Centrifuge the mixture at $300 \times g$ for 3 minutes to separate the cells and carefully discard the supernatant containing residual freezing medium.
7. Gently resuspend the cell pellet in 10 ml of fresh culture medium. For adherent cells, divide the suspension between two T25 culture flasks; for suspension cultures, transfer all the medium into one T25 flask to promote effective cell interaction and growth.
8. Adhere to established subculture protocols for continued growth and maintenance of the cell line, ensuring reliable experimental outcomes.

Incubation Atmosphere

37°C , 5% CO_2 , humidified atmosphere.

Shipping Conditions

Cryopreserved cell lines are shipped on dry ice in validated, insulated packaging with sufficient refrigerant to maintain approximately -78°C throughout transit. On receipt, inspect the container immediately and transfer vials without delay to appropriate storage.

Storage Conditions

For long-term preservation, place vials in vapor-phase liquid nitrogen at about -150 to -196°C . Storage at -80°C is acceptable only as a short interim step before transfer to liquid nitrogen.

Controle de Qualidade e Análise Molecular

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Sterility

Mycoplasma contamination is excluded using both PCR-based assays and luminescence-based mycoplasma detection methods.

To ensure there is no bacterial, fungal, or yeast contamination, cell cultures are subjected to daily visual inspections.