Product sheet

RD Cells | 300401

General information

Description	This line has recently been shown to be at least parental, if not identical, to TE-671.
Organism	Human
Tissue	Embryonic
Disease	Rhabdomyosarcoma
Metastatic site	Not applicable (embryonic rhabdomyosarcoma; line derived from embryonic tissue, not a metastatic sample)
Applications	Rhabdomyosarcoma research; pediatric sarcoma biology; skeletal muscle differentiation studies; drug sensitivity (vincristine, dactinomycin, cyclophosphamide); myogenic transcription factor analysis; virus susceptibility assays
Synonyms	R D, RD-2, RD 2, 130T, 130-T, 130 T, TE-32, TE 32, TE32, TE 32.T, Te 32.T

Characteristics

Age	Embryo
Gender	Female
Ethnicity	Caucasian
Morphology	Mixed (spindle cells and large multinucleated cells)
Cell type	Spindle cells and large multinucleated cells
Growth properties	Adherent

Regulatory Data

Citation	RD (Cytion catalog number 300401)
Biosafety level	1
NCBI_TaxID	9606

CellosaurusAccession	CVCL_1649
GMO Status	No genetic modification; parental RD rhabdomyosarcoma line. Note: TE-671 derivative status does not imply engineering; both lines are naturally occurring tumors.

Biomolecular Data

Isoenzymes	G6PD, B
Virus susceptibility	Poliovirus 1, vesicular stomatitis (Indiana), herpes simplex, vaccinia
Reverse transcriptase	Negative
Products	Myoglobin, myosin ATPase
Karyotype	2n=48

Handling

Culture Medium	DMEM, w: 4.5 g/L Glucose, w: 4 mM L-Glutamine, w: 3.7 g/L NaHCO3, w: 1.0 mM Sodium pyruvate (Cytion article number 820300a)
Supplements	Supplement the medium with 10% FBS
Dissociation Reagent	Accutase
Doubling time	approx. 24 to 36 hours
Subculturing	Remove the old medium from the adherent cells and wash them with PBS that lacks calcium and magnesium. For T25 flasks, use 3-5 ml of PBS, and for T75 flasks, use 5-10 ml. Then, cover the cells completely with Accutase, using 1-2 ml for T25 flasks and 2.5 ml for T75 flasks. Let the cells incubate at room temperature for 8-10 minutes to detach them. After incubation, gently mix the cells with 10 ml of medium to resuspend them, then centrifuge at 300xg for 3 minutes. Discard the supernatant, resuspend the cells in fresh medium, and transfer them into new flasks that already contain fresh medium.
Split ratio	1 to 3
Seeding density	1 to 3 × 10^4 cells/cm^2

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Fluid renewal	Every 3 to 4 days
Post-Thaw Recovery	After thawing, plate the cells at 5×10^4 cells/cm² and allow at least 24 hours for adherence before the first medium change.
Freeze medium	As a cryopreservation medium, we use complete growth medium (including FBS) + 10% DMSO for adequate post-thaw viability, or CM-1 (Cytion catalog number 800100), which includes optimized osmoprotectants and metabolic stabilizers to enhance recovery and reduce cryo-induced stress.
Thawing and Culturing Cells	1. Confirm that the vial remains deeply frozen upon delivery, as cells are shipped on dry ice to maintain optimal temperatures during transit. 2. Upon receipt, either store the cryovial immediately at temperatures below -150°C to ensure the preservation of cellular integrity, or proceed to step 3 if immediate culturing is required. 3. For immediate culturing, swiftly thaw the vial by immersing it in a 37°C water bath with clean water and an antimicrobial agent, agitating gently for 40-60 seconds until a small ice clump remains. 4. Perform all subsequent steps under sterile conditions in a flow hood, disinfecting the cryovial with 70% ethanol before opening. 5. Carefully open the disinfected vial and transfer the cell suspension into a 15 ml centrifuge tube containing 8 ml of room-temperature culture medium, mixing gently. 6. Centrifuge the mixture at 300 x g for 3 minutes to separate the cells and carefully discard the supernatant containing residual freezing medium. 7. Gently resuspend the cell pellet in 10 ml of fresh culture medium. For adherent cells, divide the suspension between two T25 culture flasks; for suspension cultures, transfer all the medium into one T25 flask to promote effective cell interaction and growth. 8. Adhere to established subculture protocols for continued growth and maintenance of the cell line, ensuring reliable experimental outcomes.
Incubation Atmosphere	37°C, 5% CO_2, humidified atmosphere.
Shipping Conditions	Cryopreserved cell lines are shipped on dry ice in validated, insulated packaging with sufficient refrigerant to maintain approximately −78 °C throughout transit. On receipt, inspect the container immediately and transfer vials without delay to appropriate storage.

Storage Conditions	For long-term preservation, place vials in vapor-phase liquid nitrogen at about −150 to −196 °C. Storage at −80 °C is acceptable only as a short interim step before transfer to liquid nitrogen.

Quality Control & Molecular Analysis

Sterility	Mycoplasma contamination is excluded using both PCR-based assays and luminescence-based mycoplasma detection methods. To ensure there is no bacterial, fungal, or yeast contamination, cell cultures are subjected to daily visual inspections.