

## CAL-51 Cells | 305530

## General information

## Description

The CAL-51 cell line is a human breast adenocarcinoma model established from a malignant pleural effusion of a patient with advanced breast cancer. Characterized by epithelial morphology and a normal diploid karyotype, CAL-51 is particularly notable for its triple-negative breast cancer (TNBC) profile, lacking estrogen receptor (ER), progesterone receptor (PR), and HER2 expression. The absence of these markers, commonly used as therapeutic targets, makes CAL-51 a valuable model for studying TNBC, an aggressive subtype of breast cancer with limited treatment options. CAL-51's tumorigenicity in immunocompromised mice and growth in soft agar demonstrate its malignant potential, making it suitable for in vitro and in vivo cancer research.

CAL-51 has also shown utility in studies investigating SARS-CoV-2 infection mechanisms. High expression of cellular entry factors ACE2 and TMPRSS2, along with neuropilin-1 (NRP1), renders CAL-51 permissive to SARS-CoV-2, facilitating viral entry and replication in cell culture. This makes CAL-51 a suitable model for exploring viral pathogenesis, as well as testing antiviral compounds and neutralizing antibodies targeted at SARS-CoV-2. Experiments demonstrate that therapeutic antibodies can block SARS-CoV-2 entry effectively in CAL-51 cells, highlighting its relevance as a model system for COVID-19 research and potential therapeutic evaluation.

In cancer research, CAL-51 is particularly useful for examining tumor heterogeneity, especially through its subpopulations of stem-like cancer cells known as side populations (SP), which express high levels of the ABCG2 transporter. SP cells in CAL-51 exhibit enhanced drug resistance and potential self-renewal, characteristics relevant to studies on cancer stem cell behavior and treatment resistance. As such, CAL-51 is a versatile model contributing to both cancer and viral infection studies, supporting research into challenging therapeutic areas such as TNBC and SARS-CoV-2.

## Organism

Human

## Tissue

Breast

## Disease

Carcinoma

## Metastatic site

Pleural effusion

## Synonyms

CAL 51, CAL51, Cal51, Centre Antoine Lacassagne-51

## Characteristics

## Age

45 years

## Gender

Female

## Ethnicity

Caucasian

## Morphology

Epithelial-like

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|                          |                     |
|--------------------------|---------------------|
| <b>Growth properties</b> | Monolayer, adherent |
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## Regulatory Data

|                 |                                       |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------|
| <b>Citation</b> | CAL-51 (Cytion catalog number 305530) |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------|

|                        |   |
|------------------------|---|
| <b>Biosafety level</b> | 1 |
|------------------------|---|

|                   |      |
|-------------------|------|
| <b>NCBI_TaxID</b> | 9606 |
|-------------------|------|

|                             |           |
|-----------------------------|-----------|
| <b>CellosaurusAccession</b> | CVCL_1110 |
|-----------------------------|-----------|

## Biomolecular Data

## Handling

|                       |                                                                                                                                          |
|-----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Culture Medium</b> | DMEM, w: 4.5 g/L Glucose, w: 4 mM L-Glutamine, w: 3.7 g/L NaHCO <sub>3</sub> , w: 1.0 mM Sodium pyruvate (Cytion article number 820300a) |
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|                    |                                    |
|--------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Supplements</b> | Supplement the medium with 10% FBS |
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|                             |          |
|-----------------------------|----------|
| <b>Dissociation Reagent</b> | Accutase |
|-----------------------------|----------|

|                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
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| <b>Subculturing</b> | Remove the old medium from the adherent cells and wash them with PBS that lacks calcium and magnesium. For T25 flasks, use 3-5 ml of PBS, and for T75 flasks, use 5-10 ml. Then, cover the cells completely with Accutase, using 1-2 ml for T25 flasks and 2.5 ml for T75 flasks. Let the cells incubate at room temperature for 8-10 minutes to detach them. After incubation, gently mix the cells with 10 ml of medium to resuspend them, then centrifuge at 300xg for 3 minutes. Discard the supernatant, resuspend the cells in fresh medium, and transfer them into new flasks that already contain fresh medium. |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

|                        |                                          |
|------------------------|------------------------------------------|
| <b>Seeding density</b> | $1.25 \times 10^4$ cells/cm <sup>2</sup> |
|------------------------|------------------------------------------|

|                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Freeze medium</b> | As a cryopreservation medium, we use complete growth medium (including FBS) + 10% DMSO for adequate post-thaw viability, or CM-1 (Cytion catalog number 800100), which includes optimized osmoprotectants and metabolic stabilizers to enhance recovery and reduce cryo-induced stress. |
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#### Thawing and Culturing Cells

1. Confirm that the vial remains deeply frozen upon delivery, as cells are shipped on dry ice to maintain optimal temperatures during transit.
2. Upon receipt, either store the cryovial immediately at temperatures below -150°C to ensure the preservation of cellular integrity, or proceed to step 3 if immediate culturing is required.
3. For immediate culturing, swiftly thaw the vial by immersing it in a 37°C water bath with clean water and an antimicrobial agent, agitating gently for 40-60 seconds until a small ice clump remains.
4. Perform all subsequent steps under sterile conditions in a flow hood, disinfecting the cryovial with 70% ethanol before opening.
5. Carefully open the disinfected vial and transfer the cell suspension into a 15 ml centrifuge tube containing 8 ml of room-temperature culture medium, mixing gently.
6. Centrifuge the mixture at 300 x g for 3 minutes to separate the cells and carefully discard the supernatant containing residual freezing medium.
7. Gently resuspend the cell pellet in 10 ml of fresh culture medium. For adherent cells, divide the suspension between two T25 culture flasks; for suspension cultures, transfer all the medium into one T25 flask to promote effective cell interaction and growth.
8. Adhere to established subculture protocols for continued growth and maintenance of the cell line, ensuring reliable experimental outcomes.

#### Incubation Atmosphere

37°C, 5% CO<sub>2</sub>, humidified atmosphere.

#### Shipping Conditions

Cryopreserved cell lines are shipped on dry ice in validated, insulated packaging with sufficient refrigerant to maintain approximately -78 °C throughout transit. On receipt, inspect the container immediately and transfer vials without delay to appropriate storage.

#### Storage Conditions

For long-term preservation, place vials in vapor-phase liquid nitrogen at about -150 to -196 °C. Storage at -80 °C is acceptable only as a short interim step before transfer to liquid nitrogen.

## Quality Control & Molecular Analysis

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#### **Sterility**

Mycoplasma contamination is excluded using both PCR-based assays and luminescence-based mycoplasma detection methods.

To ensure there is no bacterial, fungal, or yeast contamination, cell cultures are subjected to daily visual inspections.