

NCI-H69 Cells | 300185

General information

Description This cell line is aneuploid, will form colonies in soft agar and retains small cell carcinoma morphology and ultrastructure as well as APUD cell characteristics. The cells grow in aggregates, thus cell counts are not accurate. The line can be adapted to grow in shaker flask or spinner flask systems. These cells are not resistant to Adriamycin.

Organism Human

Tissue Lung

Disease Lung small cell carcinoma

Metastatic site Pleural effusion

Synonyms NCI-H-69, NCI H69, H69, H-69, NCIH69, NCI-HUT-69, H69/P, NCI-H69C, H69C, H69c

Characteristics

Age 55 years

Gender Male

Ethnicity Caucasian

Growth properties Floating aggregates

Regulatory Data

Citation NCI-H69 (H69) (Cytion catalog number 300185)

Biosafety level 1

NCBI_TaxID 9606

CellosaurusAccession CVCL_1579

Biomolecular Data

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Receptors expressed	Insulin-like growth factor II receptor (IGF II)
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Protein expression	P53 negative, cytokeratins positive
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Isoenzymes	G6PD, B, PGM1, 2, PGM3, 1, ES-D, 2, Me-2, 1, AK-1, 1, GLO-1, 1-2, Phenotype Frequency Product: 0.00006
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Tumorigenic	Forms tumors with typical small cell carcinoma histology
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Karyotype	Aneuploid, with 3p deletion. Range = 40 to 73
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Handling

Culture Medium	RPMI 1640, w: 2.0 mM stable Glutamine, w: 2.0 g/L NaHCO ₃ (Cytion article number 820700a)
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Supplements	Supplement the medium with 10% FBS
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Doubling time	69 hours
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Subculturing	Allow aggregates to settle to the bottom of the flask, remove and discard the supernatant medium. Add fresh medium, disperse cells by gentle pipetting and dispense into new flasks. Subculture every 6 to 8 days.
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Seeding density	1 x 10 ⁵ cells/ml
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Fluid renewal	2 to 3 times per week
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Post-Thaw Recovery	After thawing allow the cells to recover from the freezing process for at least 24 hours.
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Freeze medium	As a cryopreservation medium, we use complete growth medium (including FBS) + 10% DMSO for adequate post-thaw viability, or CM-1 (Cytion catalog number 800100), which includes optimized osmoprotectants and metabolic stabilizers to enhance recovery and reduce cryo-induced stress.
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Thawing and Culturing Cells

1. Confirm that the vial remains deeply frozen upon delivery, as cells are shipped on dry ice to maintain optimal temperatures during transit.
2. Upon receipt, either store the cryovial immediately at temperatures below -150°C to ensure the preservation of cellular integrity, or proceed to step 3 if immediate culturing is required.
3. For immediate culturing, swiftly thaw the vial by immersing it in a 37°C water bath with clean water and an antimicrobial agent, agitating gently for 40-60 seconds until a small ice clump remains.
4. Perform all subsequent steps under sterile conditions in a flow hood, disinfecting the cryovial with 70% ethanol before opening.
5. Carefully open the disinfected vial and transfer the cell suspension into a 15 ml centrifuge tube containing 8 ml of room-temperature culture medium, mixing gently.
6. Centrifuge the mixture at 300 x g for 3 minutes to separate the cells and carefully discard the supernatant containing residual freezing medium.
7. Gently resuspend the cell pellet in 10 ml of fresh culture medium. For adherent cells, divide the suspension between two T25 culture flasks; for suspension cultures, transfer all the medium into one T25 flask to promote effective cell interaction and growth.
8. Adhere to established subculture protocols for continued growth and maintenance of the cell line, ensuring reliable experimental outcomes.

Incubation Atmosphere

37°C, 5% CO₂, humidified atmosphere.

Shipping Conditions

Cryopreserved cell lines are shipped on dry ice in validated, insulated packaging with sufficient refrigerant to maintain approximately -78 °C throughout transit. On receipt, inspect the container immediately and transfer vials without delay to appropriate storage.

Storage Conditions

For long-term preservation, place vials in vapor-phase liquid nitrogen at about -150 to -196 °C. Storage at -80 °C is acceptable only as a short interim step before transfer to liquid nitrogen.

Quality Control & Molecular Analysis

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Sterility

Mycoplasma contamination is excluded using both PCR-based assays and luminescence-based mycoplasma detection methods.

To ensure there is no bacterial, fungal, or yeast contamination, cell cultures are subjected to daily visual inspections.