



## **General information**

DescriptionThis line has recently been shown to be at least parental, if not identical, to TE-671.OrganismHumanTissueEmbryonicDiseaseRhabdomyosarcomaSynonymsR D, RD-2, RD 2, 130T, 130-T, 130 T, TE-32, TE 32, TE 32.T, Te 32.T

### **Characteristics**

Age	Embryo
Gender	Female
Ethnicity	Caucasian
Cell type	Spindle cells and large multinucleated cells
Growth properties	Adherent

# **Identifiers / Biosafety / Citation**

Citation	RD (Cytion catalog number 300401)
Biosafety level	1

## **Expression / Mutation**

Isoenzymes	G6PD, B
Virus susceptibility	Poliovirus 1, vesicular stomatitis (Indiana), herpes simplex, vaccinia
Reverse transcriptase	Negative



# **RD Cells | 300401**

Products	Myoglobin, myosin ATPase
Karyotype	2n=48
Handling	
Culture Medium	DMEM, w: 4.5 g/L Glucose, w: 4 mM L-Glutamine, w: 1.5 g/L NaHCO3, w: 1.0 mM Sodium pyruvate (Cytion article number 820300a)
Medium supplements	Supplement the medium with 10% FBS
Passaging solution	Accutase
Subculturing	Remove the old medium from the adherent cells and wash them with PBS that lacks calcium and magnesium. For T25 flasks, use 3-5 ml of PBS, and for T75 flasks, use 5-10 ml. Then, cover the cells completely with Accutase, using 1-2 ml for T25 flasks and 2.5 ml for T75 flasks. Let the cells incubate at room temperature for 8-10 minutes to detach them. After incubation, gently mix the cells with 10 ml of medium to resuspend them, then centrifuge at 300xg for 3 minutes. Discard the supernatant, resuspend the cells in fresh medium, and transfer them into new flasks that already contain fresh medium.
Split ratio	A ratio of 1:2 is recommended
Fluid renewal	Every 3 to 4 days
Freeze medium	CM-1 (Cytion catalog number 800100) or CM-ACF (Cytion catalog number 806100)





### Handling of cryopreserved cultures

- 1. Confirm that the vial remains deeply frozen upon delivery, as cells are shipped on dry ice to maintain optimal temperatures during transit.
- 2. Upon receipt, either store the cryovial immediately at temperatures below -150?C to ensure the preservation of cellular integrity, or proceed to step 3 if immediate culturing is required.
- 3. For immediate culturing, swiftly thaw the vial by immersing it in a 37?C water bath with clean water and an antimicrobial agent, agitating gently for 40-60 seconds until a small ice clump remains.
- 4. Perform all subsequent steps under sterile conditions in a flow hood, disinfecting the cryovial with 70% ethanol before opening.
- 5. Carefully open the disinfected vial and transfer the cell suspension into a 15 ml centrifuge tube containing 8 ml of room-temperature culture medium, mixing gently.
- 6. Centrifuge the mixture at 300 x g for 3 minutes to separate the cells and carefully discard the supernatant containing residual freezing medium. Optionally, skip centrifugation but remove any remaining freezing medium after 24 hours.
- 7. Gently resuspend the cell pellet in 10 ml of fresh culture medium. For adherent cells, divide the suspension between two T25 culture flasks; for suspension cultures, transfer all the medium into one T25 flask to promote effective cell interaction and growth.
- 8. Adhere to established subculture protocols for continued growth and maintenance of the cell line, ensuring reliable experimental outcomes.

# Quality control / Genetic profile / HLA

### Sterility

Mycoplasma contamination is excluded using both PCR-based assays and luminescence-based mycoplasma detection methods.

To ensure there is no bacterial, fungal, or yeast contamination, cell cultures are subjected to daily visual inspections.





**STR profile** Amelogenin: x,x

CSF1PO: 10,11 D13S317: 13 D16S539: 10,11 D5S818: 11 D7S820: 8,12 THO1: 9.3 TPOX: 9 vWA: 18

D3S1358: 15,17
D21S11: 28,29
D18S51: 13,18
Penta E: 12
Penta D: 11,13
D8S1179: 11,15
FGA: 20,21

HLA alleles A\*: 01:01:01

B\*: 37:01:01 C\*: 06:02:01 DRB1\*: 03:01:01 DQA1\*: 05:01:01 DQB1\*: 02:01:01 DPB1\*: 01:01:01 E: 01:01:01