



General information

 Organism
 Human

 Tissue
 Brain

Disease Glioblastoma

Characteristics

properties

 Age
 78 years

 Gender
 Female

 Ethnicity
 Caucasian

 Growth
 Spheroid culture, partly adherent

Identifiers / Biosafety / Citation

 Citation
 NCH690 (Cytion catalog number 300120)

 Biosafety level
 1

 Depositor
 C. Herold-Mende

Expression / Mutation

Tumorigenic Yes

Handling

Culture
MediumDMEM:Ham's F12, w: 3.1 g/L Glucose, w: 1.6 mM L-Glutamine, w: 15 mM HEPES, w: 1.0 mM Sodium pyruvate, w:
1.2 g/L NaHCO3 (Cytion article number 820400a)Medium
supplementsSupplement the medium with 10% FBS, 5 mg/L Heparin, 20 ng/ml bFGF, 20 microgram/L EGF, 5 mg/L Insulin,
100 mg/L Transferrin, 5,2 microgram/L Na-selenit, 6,3 microgram/L Progesteron, 161,1 microgram/L Putrescin,
50 mg/L Hydrocortinson



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Subculturing	For subculturing spheroid cultures, begin by mechanically dissociating the spheroids through pipetting up and down 5 to 10 times using an Eppendorf pipette with 1000 ?l filter tips. After this, centrifuge the mixture at 300g for 5 minutes at room temperature to pellet the cells. Discard the supernatant and resuspend the cell pellet in fresh culture medium. Finally, transfer the resuspended cells into new culture vessels to promote further spheroid formation. This approach ensures efficient spheroid breakdown and readies them for continued growth in a new environment.
Split ratio	A ratio of 1:2 to 1:5 is recommended according to the growth rate
Seeding density	1 x 10^5 cells/mL
Fluid renewal	2 to 3 times per week
Freezing recovery	After thawing allow the cells to recover from the freezing process for at least 24 to 48 hours.
Freeze medium	CM-1 (Cytion catalog number 800100) or CM-ACF (Cytion catalog number 806100)



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Handling of cryopreserved cultures

- 1. Confirm that the vial remains deeply frozen upon delivery, as cells are shipped on dry ice to maintain optimal temperatures during transit.
- 2. Upon receipt, either store the cryovial immediately at temperatures below -150°C to ensure the preservation of cellular integrity, or proceed to step 3 if immediate culturing is required.
- 3. For immediate culturing, swiftly thaw the vial by immersing it in a 37°C water bath with clean water and an antimicrobial agent, agitating gently for 40-60 seconds until a small ice clump remains.
- 4. Perform all subsequent steps under sterile conditions in a flow hood, disinfecting the cryovial with 70% ethanol before opening.
- 5. Carefully open the disinfected vial and transfer the cell suspension into a 15 ml centrifuge tube containing 8 ml of room-temperature culture medium, mixing gently.
- 6. Centrifuge the mixture at 300 x g for 3 minutes to separate the cells and carefully discard the supernatant containing residual freezing medium. Optionally, skip centrifugation but remove any remaining freezing medium after 24 hours.
- 7. Gently resuspend the cell pellet in 10 ml of fresh culture medium. For adherent cells, divide the suspension between two T25 culture flasks; for suspension cultures, transfer all the medium into one T25 flask to promote effective cell interaction and growth.
- 8. Adhere to established subculture protocols for continued growth and maintenance of the cell line, ensuring reliable experimental outcomes.

Quality control / Genetic profile / HLA

Sterility

Mycoplasma contamination is excluded using both PCR-based assays and luminescence-based mycoplasma detection methods.

To ensure there is no bacterial, fungal, or yeast contamination, cell cultures are subjected to daily visual inspections.



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STR profile CSF1PO: 10,11

D13S317: 10,13 D16S539: 9,12 D5S818: 11,12 D7S820: 8,9 TH01: 9,9.3 TPOX: 8,11 vWA: 18 D3S1358: 14,17 D21S11: 29,32 D18S51: 17 Penta E: 12,20 Penta D: 10,12 D8S1179: 11,14 FGA: 22,24

HLA alleles A*: 03:01:01, 68:01:02

C*: 04:01:01, 06:02:01

DRB1*: 07:01:01, 16:02:01

DQA1*: 01:02:02, 02:01:01

DQB1*: 02:02:01, 05:02:01

DPB1*: 04:01:01G, 04:02:01G

B*: 35:01:01, 47:01:01

E: 01:01:01