

Hep-64.1 growing culture | 440205

General information

Description	Established from the primary hepatocellular carcinoma of B6C3F1 mice.
Organism	Mouse
Tissue	Liver
Disease	Hepatocellular carcinoma
Synonyms	HEP-64.1, 64.1

Characteristics

Age	Adult
Gender	Female
Morphology	Epithelial-like
Growth properties	Adherent

Identifiers / Biosafety / Citation

Citation	Hep-64.1 (Cytion catalog number 400205)
Biosafety level	1

Expression / Mutation

Protein expression	Keratin 8, Keratin 18, Keratin 19, Vimentin
Mutational profile	p53 wt

Handling

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Culture Medium DMEM, w: 4.5 g/L Glucose, w: 4 mM L-Glutamine, w: 1.5 g/L NaHCO₃, w: 1.0 mM Sodium pyruvate (Cytion article number 820300a)

Medium supplements Supplement the medium with 10% FBS

Passaging solution Accutase

Subculturing Remove medium and rinse the adherent cells using PBS without calcium and magnesium (3-5 ml PBS for T25, 5-10ml for T75 cell culture flasks). Add Accutase (1-2ml per T25, 2.5ml per T75 cell culture flask), the cell sheet must be covered completely. Incubate at ambient temperature for 8-10 minutes. Carefully resuspend the cells with medium (10 ml), centrifuge for 5 min at 300xg, resuspend cells in fresh medium and dispense into new flasks which contain fresh medium.

Split ratio A ratio of 1:4 to 1:8 is recommended

Fluid renewal Every 3 to 5 days

Freeze medium CM-1 (Cytion catalog number 800100) or CM-ACF (Cytion catalog number 806100)

Handling of cryopreserved cultures Hep-64.1 cells are shipped in a deep-frozen state on dry ice. Upon receipt, confirm that the vial remains frozen. For storage, place the cryovial immediately at temperatures below -150 degrees. If you plan to culture the cells immediately, swiftly thaw the vial by shaking it in a 37 degrees water bath with clean water and an antimicrobial agent for 40-60 seconds. Remove the vial once a small ice clump persists, ensuring it remains cold. Proceed with all subsequent steps under aseptic conditions. In a sterile flow hood, disinfect the cryovial with 70% ethanol. Then, gently open the vial and transfer the cell suspension into a 15 ml centrifuge tube pre-filled with 8 ml of room temperature culture medium. Gently mix the cells. For cell separation, centrifuge at 300 x g for 3 minutes and dispose of the supernatant. Skipping centrifugation is optional, although any residual freezing medium should be removed after 24 hours. Resuspend the pellet gently in 10 ml of fresh culture medium and divide between two T25 culture flasks. Follow the subculture protocol for subsequent steps.

Handling of proliferating cultures One or two cell culture flasks come filled with cell culture medium. Collect the entire medium in a 50 ml centrifuge tube. Spin down the collected medium at 300 x g for 3 minutes to collect the cells which may have detached during transit. If a cell pellet is visible, resuspend the cells in 5 ml of cell culture medium and transfer to a T25 cell culture flask. Carefully add 5 ml of cell culture medium to each T25 cell culture flask. Examine cell morphology and confluency using a microscope. Finally, incubate the flasks at 37 degrees Celsius for at least 24 hours.

Quality control / Genetic profile / HLA

Sterility Mycoplasma contamination is rigorously excluded using both PCR-based assays and luminescence-based mycoplasma detection methods. To ensure there is no bacterial, fungal, or yeast contamination, cell cultures are subjected to daily visual inspections.

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STR profile

M_18-3: 18
M_4-2: 20.3/21.3
M_6-7: Dez 17
M_3-2: 14
M_19-2: Dez 13
M_7-1: 26/26.2
M_1-1: Okt 16
M_8-1: 16
M_2-1: Sep 15
M_15-3: 22.3/24.3
M_6-4: 18
M_11-2: 16
M_1-2: 16/20
M_17-2: 15
M_12-1: 16/17
M_5-5: 15/17
M_X-1: 28
M_13-1: 17
Human D4/D8: -