



## **General information**

**Description** Derived from the larynx of a 69-year-old male Caucasian patient, HNO210 cells provide a representative model

for investigating the behavior, progression, and treatment of laryngeal squamous cell carcinoma. Researchers

can explore cellular pathways, genetic factors, and molecular markers associated with the disease.

Organism Human

**Tissue** Larynx

**Disease** Head and neck squamous cell carcinoma (HNSCC)

### **Characteristics**

**Age** 69 years

**Gender** Male

**Ethnicity** Caucasian

Morphology Epithelial-like

Growth properties

Monolayer, adherent

## **Identifiers / Biosafety / Citation**

**Citation** HNO210 (Cytion catalog number 300134)

Biosafety level 1

**Depositor** C. Herold-Mende

## **Expression / Mutation**

## **Handling**

**Culture** DMEM, w: 4.5 g/L Glucose, w: 4 mM L-Glutamine, w: 1.5 g/L NaHCO3, w: 1.0 mM Sodium pyruvate (Cytion article

Medium number 820300a)



# HNO210 Cells | 300134

Medium supplements	Supplement the medium with 10% FBS
Passaging solution	Accutase
Subculturing	Remove the old medium from the adherent cells and wash them with PBS that lacks calcium and magnesium. For T25 flasks, use 3-5 ml of PBS, and for T75 flasks, use 5-10 ml. Then, cover the cells completely with Accutase, using 1-2 ml for T25 flasks and 2.5 ml for T75 flasks. Let the cells incubate at room temperature for 8-10 minutes to detach them. After incubation, gently mix the cells with 10 ml of medium to resuspend them, then centrifuge at 300xg for 3 minutes. Discard the supernatant, resuspend the cells in fresh medium, and transfer them into new flasks that already contain fresh medium.
Split ratio	An initial ratio of 1:3 is recommended according to the growth rate
Fluid renewal	2 to 3 times per week
Freeze medium	CM-1 (Cytion catalog number 800100) or CM-ACF (Cytion catalog number 806100)





### Handling of cryopreserved cultures

- 1. Confirm that the vial remains deeply frozen upon delivery, as cells are shipped on dry ice to maintain optimal temperatures during transit.
- 2. Upon receipt, either store the cryovial immediately at temperatures below -150°C to ensure the preservation of cellular integrity, or proceed to step 3 if immediate culturing is required.
- 3. For immediate culturing, swiftly thaw the vial by immersing it in a 37°C water bath with clean water and an antimicrobial agent, agitating gently for 40-60 seconds until a small ice clump remains.
- 4. Perform all subsequent steps under sterile conditions in a flow hood, disinfecting the cryovial with 70% ethanol before opening.
- 5. Carefully open the disinfected vial and transfer the cell suspension into a 15 ml centrifuge tube containing 8 ml of room-temperature culture medium, mixing gently.
- 6. Centrifuge the mixture at 300 x g for 3 minutes to separate the cells and carefully discard the supernatant containing residual freezing medium. Optionally, skip centrifugation but remove any remaining freezing medium after 24 hours.
- 7. Gently resuspend the cell pellet in 10 ml of fresh culture medium. For adherent cells, divide the suspension between two T25 culture flasks; for suspension cultures, transfer all the medium into one T25 flask to promote effective cell interaction and growth.
- 8. Adhere to established subculture protocols for continued growth and maintenance of the cell line, ensuring reliable experimental outcomes.

# Quality control / Genetic profile / HLA

### **Sterility**

Mycoplasma contamination is excluded using both PCR-based assays and luminescence-based mycoplasma detection methods.

To ensure there is no bacterial, fungal, or yeast contamination, cell cultures are subjected to daily visual inspections.





**STR profile** Amelogenin: x,y

**CSF1PO**: 10,11 **D13S317**: 12,13 **D16S539**: 12 **D5S818**: 11,13 **D7S820**: 10 **TH01**: 8.3,9.3 **TPOX**: 8 **vWA**: 14,17 **D3S1358**: 17,18 **D21S11**: 29 **D18S51**: 14,17 Penta E: 12 **Penta D**: 10 **D8S1179**: 10,13 **FGA**: 20,22 **D1S1656**: 12,16.3 **D6S1043**: 13,14 **D2S1338**: 18 **D12S391**: 20,25 **D19S433**: 13,14

**HLA alleles A\***: 02:01:01, 02:05:01

B\*: 35:01:01, 58:01:01 C\*: 04:01:01, 07:18:01 DRB1\*: 01:02:01 DQA1\*: 01:01:02 DQB1\*: 05:01:01 DPB1\*: 04:01:01 E: 01:01, 01:03