



General information

Description The MA-CLS-2 cell line was established from the pleural effusion of a 47 year-old female in 1998. pT1 NO GII.

Organism Human

Tissue Breast

Disease Ductal carcinoma

Metastatic site Pleural effusion

Synonyms MACLS-2, MACLS2

Characteristics

Age 47 years

Gender Female

Ethnicity Caucasian

Morphology Epithelial-like

Growth Monolayer, adherent **properties**

Identifiers / Biosafety / Citation

Citation MA-CLS-2 (Cytion catalog number 300271)

Biosafety level 1

Expression / Mutation

Tumorigenic Yes, in nude mice

Ploidy status Aneuploid

Handling



MA-CLS-2 Cells | 300271

Culture Medium	RPMI 1640, w: 2.1 mM stable Glutamine, w: 2.0 g/L NaHCO3 (Cytion article number 820700a)
Medium supplements	Supplement the medium with 10% FBS
Passaging solution	Accutase
Subculturing	Remove the old medium from the adherent cells and wash them with PBS that lacks calcium and magnesium. For T25 flasks, use 3-5 ml of PBS, and for T75 flasks, use 5-10 ml. Then, cover the cells completely with Accutase, using 1-2 ml for T25 flasks and 2.5 ml for T75 flasks. Let the cells incubate at room temperature for 8-10 minutes to detach them. After incubation, gently mix the cells with 10 ml of medium to resuspend them, then centrifuge at 300xg for 3 minutes. Discard the supernatant, resuspend the cells in fresh medium, and transfer them into new flasks that already contain fresh medium.
Split ratio	A ratio of 1:2 to 1:4 is recommended
Seeding density	2 x 10^4 cells/cm^2
Fluid renewal	2 to 3 times per week
Freezing recovery	Fast
Freeze medium	CM-1 (Cytion catalog number 800100) or CM-ACF (Cytion catalog number 806100)



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Handling of cryopreserved cultures

- 1. Confirm that the vial remains deeply frozen upon delivery, as cells are shipped on dry ice to maintain optimal temperatures during transit.
- 2. Upon receipt, either store the cryovial immediately at temperatures below -150°C to ensure the preservation of cellular integrity, or proceed to step 3 if immediate culturing is required.
- 3. For immediate culturing, swiftly thaw the vial by immersing it in a 37°C water bath with clean water and an antimicrobial agent, agitating gently for 40-60 seconds until a small ice clump remains.
- 4. Perform all subsequent steps under sterile conditions in a flow hood, disinfecting the cryovial with 70% ethanol before opening.
- 5. Carefully open the disinfected vial and transfer the cell suspension into a 15 ml centrifuge tube containing 8 ml of room-temperature culture medium, mixing gently.
- 6. Centrifuge the mixture at 300 x g for 3 minutes to separate the cells and carefully discard the supernatant containing residual freezing medium. Optionally, skip centrifugation but remove any remaining freezing medium after 24 hours.
- 7. Gently resuspend the cell pellet in 10 ml of fresh culture medium. For adherent cells, divide the suspension between two T25 culture flasks; for suspension cultures, transfer all the medium into one T25 flask to promote effective cell interaction and growth.
- 8. Adhere to established subculture protocols for continued growth and maintenance of the cell line, ensuring reliable experimental outcomes.

Quality control / Genetic profile / HLA

Sterility

Mycoplasma contamination is excluded using both PCR-based assays and luminescence-based mycoplasma detection methods.

To ensure there is no bacterial, fungal, or yeast contamination, cell cultures are subjected to daily visual inspections.



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STR profile CSF1PO: 11

D16S539: 11
D5S818: 11
D7S820: 8,9
TH01: 7
TPOX: 8
vWA: 17,18
D3S1358: 14,18
D21S11: 29
D18S51: 15
Penta E: 13
Penta D: 9,13
D8S1179: 13
FGA: 24

D13S317: 11

HLA alleles A*: 24:02:01, 29:02:01

B*: 18:01:01, 51:08:01 C*: 12:03:01, 16:02:01 DRB1*: 03:132, 04:03:01 DQA1*: 03:01:01, 05:01:01 DQB1*: 02:01:01, 03:02:01

DPB1*: 04:01:01 **E**: 01:01:01, 01:03:02