

DSL-6B-C2 growing culture | 550167

General information

Organism	Rat
Tissue	Pancreas
Disease	Carcinoma
Metastatic site	Ductal
Synonyms	DSL-6B/C2, DSL6B/C2

Characteristics

Age	2 years
Gender	Male
Morphology	Epithelial-like
Cell type	Acinar cells
Growth properties	Adherent

Identifiers / Biosafety / Citation

Citation	DSL-6B-C2 (Cytion catalog number 500167)
Biosafety level	1

Expression / Mutation

Tumorigenic	Yes, in Lewis rats the cells produce solid tumors and partially cystic tumors composed with a mixed phenotype of squamous, mucinous and glandular areas
Products	Mucin

Handling

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Culture Medium	DMEM:Ham's F12, w: 3.1 g/L Glucose, w: 1.6 mM L-Glutamine, w: 15 mM HEPES, w: 1.0 mM Sodium pyruvate, w: 1.2 g/L NaHCO ₃ (Cytion article number 820400a)
Medium supplements	Supplement the medium with 10% FBS
Passaging solution	Accutase
Subculturing	Remove medium and rinse the adherent cells using PBS without calcium and magnesium (3-5 ml PBS for T25, 5-10ml for T75 cell culture flasks). Add Accutase (1-2ml per T25, 2.5ml per T75 cell culture flask), the cell sheet must be covered completely. Incubate at ambient temperature for 10 minutes. Carefully resuspend the cells, the addition of medium is optional but not necessary, and dispense into new flasks which contain fresh medium.
Split ratio	A ratio of 1:3 to 1:4 is recommended
Seeding density	1 x 10 ⁴ cells/cm ² will yield in a confluent layer in about 4 days
Fluid renewal	2 times per week
Freezing recovery	After thawing, plate the cells at 5 x 10 ⁴ cells/cm ² and allow the cells to recover from the freezing process and to adhere for at least 24 hours.
Freeze medium	CM-1 (Cytion catalog number 800100) or CM-ACF (Cytion catalog number 806100)
Handling of cryopreserved cultures	DSL-6B-C2 cells are shipped in a deep-frozen state on dry ice. Upon receipt, confirm that the vial remains frozen. For storage, place the cryovial immediately at temperatures below -150 degrees. If you plan to culture the cells immediately, swiftly thaw the vial by shaking it in a 37 degrees water bath with clean water and an antimicrobial agent for 40-60 seconds. Remove the vial once a small ice clump persists, ensuring it remains cold. Proceed with all subsequent steps under aseptic conditions. In a sterile flow hood, disinfect the cryovial with 70% ethanol. Then, gently open the vial and transfer the cell suspension into a 15 ml centrifuge tube pre-filled with 8 ml of room temperature culture medium. Gently mix the cells. For cell separation, centrifuge at 300 x g for 3 minutes and dispose of the supernatant. Skipping centrifugation is optional, although any residual freezing medium should be removed after 24 hours. Resuspend the pellet gently in 10 ml of fresh culture medium and divide between two T25 culture flasks. Follow the subculture protocol for subsequent steps.
Handling of proliferating cultures	One or two cell culture flasks come filled with cell culture medium. Collect the entire medium in a 50 ml centrifuge tube. Spin down the collected medium at 300 x g for 3 minutes to collect the cells which may have detached during transit. If a cell pellet is visible, resuspend the cells in 5 ml of cell culture medium and transfer to a T25 cell culture flask. Carefully add 5 ml of cell culture medium to each T25 cell culture flask. Examine cell morphology and confluency using a microscope. Finally, incubate the flasks at 37 degrees Celsius for at least 24 hours.

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Quality control / Genetic profile / HLA

Sterility

Mycoplasma contamination is rigorously excluded using both PCR-based assays and luminescence-based mycoplasma detection methods. To ensure there is no bacterial, fungal, or yeast contamination, cell cultures are subjected to daily visual inspections.

STR profile

Rat_D1Wox31: 104
Rat_D2Wox37: 156
Rat_D19Wox11: 232
Rat_D10Wox8: 266
Rat_D4Wox7: 157
Rat_D2Wox27: 207
Rat_D5Rat33: 122
Rat_D10Wox11: 171
Rat_D1Wox23: 210
Rat_D12Wox1: 406
Rat_D6Wox2: 104
Rat_D8Wox7: 182
Rat_D6Cebr1: 239
SRY: x,Y