

### **General information**

| Description  | <ul> <li>HeLa cells, derived from the cervical cancer cells of Henrietta Lacks, are an immortal cell line widely employed in biomedical research. The human cell line Hela has significantly contributed to significant research advances and continues to play a pivotal role in laboratories worldwide.</li> <li>In 1951, Henrietta Lacks, a young mother of five, sought medical attention at The Johns Hopkins Hospital for vaginal bleeding, where Dr. Howard Jones identified a significant malignant tumor on her cervix. At that time, the Johns Hopkins Medicine Institute was among the few institutions offering medical care to impoverished African Americans. Henrietta Lacks underwent radium treatment for her cervical cancer, the leading therapy available then. During her treatment, a biopsy was conducted, and a sample of her cancerous cells was sent to Dr. George Otto Gey's lab. Dr. Gey had been attempting to cultivate cells from cervical cancer patients of diverse backgrounds, but without success until Henrietta's cells, which were the first cells to proliferate continuously, a discovery that set them apart from all previous samples.</li> <li>Henrietta Lacks' cervical carcinoma was later found to have been caused by the Human papillomavirus (HPV). HPV is a common virus that can lead to cervical cancer among other diseases. Research on HeLa cells has significantly contributed to understanding the role of HPV in cervical cancer, leading to the development of preventive HPV vaccines, which have had a profound impact on reducing the incidence of HPV-related cancers.</li> <li>These extraordinary cells, termed "HeLa" cells after Henrietta Lacks' initials, have since become instrumental in medical research. They have enabled scientists to investigate cancer cell growth, the impact of various substances, and the workings of viruses, significantly contributing to medical dwarements including the</li> </ul> |
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|              | substances, and the workings of viruses, significantly contributing to medical advancements, including the development of vaccines for polio and COVID-19, without the ethical concerns of direct human experimentation.<br>HeLa cells are widely used for gene function studies, recombinant protein production, and gene therapy due to their high transfection efficiency and susceptibility to viral infections. They are pivotal in researching viral behaviors, including replication and pathogenesis, and have played a key role in Hepatitis B research by expressing viral proteins and aiding in the development of diagnostic tests and vaccines, thereby significantly advancing global health measures.<br>HeLa cells continue to be an invaluable resource for ongoing research in medicine and science. The significance of HeLa cells and other immortal cell lines cannot be overstated, as they continue to shape the field of medicine and infectious disease research, and they represent a lasting legacy of Henrietta Lacks and her contributions to scientific advancement.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Organism     | Human                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Tissue       | Cervix                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| Disease      | Adenocarcinoma                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Applications | Transfection host                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Synonyms     | HELA, Hela, He La, He-La, Henrietta Lacks cells, Helacyton gartleri                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |

### Characteristics



| Age                  | 30 years         |
|----------------------|------------------|
| Gender               | Female           |
| Ethnicity            | African American |
| Morphology           | Epithelial-like  |
| Growth<br>properties | Adherent         |

## Identifiers / Biosafety / Citation

1

**Citation** HeLa (Cytion catalog number 300194)

Biosafety level

#### **Expression / Mutation**

| lsoenzymes               | G6PD, A                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Virus<br>susceptibility  | Human adenovirus 3, Encephalomyocarditis virus, Human poliovirus 1, Human poliovirus 2, Human poliovirus 3                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Reverse<br>transcriptase | Negative                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| Products                 | Keratin, Lysophosphatidylcholine (lyso-PC) induces AP-1 activity and c-jun N-terminal kinase activity (JNK1) by a<br>protein kinase C-independent pathway                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Karyotype                | The HeLa cell line, with its complex karyotype featuring a high degree of aneuploidy and structural rearrangements, is known for its rapid growth and longevity in culture. HeLa cells typically exhibit 82 chromosomes, although the range can vary from 70 to 164. Notably, 98% of HeLa cells possess a small telocentric chromosome, and 100% exhibit aneuploidy in a substantial number of cells examined. These chromosomal abnormalities underpin their fast growth and immortality, along with their association with cervical cancer and other cancerous cells. |
| Handling                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

CultureEMEM, w: 2 mM L-Glutamine, w: 1.5 g/L NaHCO3, w: EBSS, w: 1 mM Sodium pyruvate, w: NEAA (Cytion articleMediumnumber 820100c)



| Medium<br>supplements | Supplement the medium with 10% FBS                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Passaging solution    | Accutase                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Doubling time         | 28 to 36 hours                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Subculturing          | Remove the old medium from the adherent cells and wash them with PBS that lacks calcium and magnesium.<br>For T25 flasks, use 3-5 ml of PBS, and for T75 flasks, use 5-10 ml. Then, cover the cells completely with Accutase,<br>using 1-2 ml for T25 flasks and 2.5 ml for T75 flasks. Let the cells incubate at room temperature for 8-10 minutes<br>to detach them. After incubation, gently mix the cells with 10 ml of medium to resuspend them, then centrifuge<br>at 300xg for 3 minutes. Discard the supernatant, resuspend the cells in fresh medium, and transfer them into<br>new flasks that already contain fresh medium. |
| Split ratio           | A ratio of 1:2 to 1:6 is recommended                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Seeding<br>density    | 1 x 10^4 cells/cm^2                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Fluid renewal         | 2 to 3 times per week                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Freezing<br>recovery  | After thawing, plate the cells at 2 to 3 x 10^4 cells/cm^2 and allow the cells to recover from the freezing process and to adhere for at least 24 to 48 hours.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Freeze<br>medium      | CM-1 (Cytion catalog number 800100) or CM-ACF (Cytion catalog number 806100)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

#### **Product sheet**

#### HeLa Cells | 300194



| Handling of<br>cryopreserved<br>cultures | 1. Confirm that the vial remains deeply frozen upon delivery, as cells are shipped on dry ice to maintain optimal temperatures during transit.                                                                                                                        |
|------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                          | 2. Upon receipt, either store the cryovial immediately at temperatures below -150?C to ensure the preservation of cellular integrity, or proceed to step 3 if immediate culturing is required.                                                                        |
|                                          | 3. For immediate culturing, swiftly thaw the vial by immersing it in a 37?C water bath with clean water and an antimicrobial agent, agitating gently for 40-60 seconds until a small ice clump remains.                                                               |
|                                          | 4. Perform all subsequent steps under sterile conditions in a flow hood, disinfecting the cryovial with 70% ethanol before opening.                                                                                                                                   |
|                                          | 5. Carefully open the disinfected vial and transfer the cell suspension into a 15 ml centrifuge tube containing 8 ml of room-temperature culture medium, mixing gently.                                                                                               |
|                                          | 6. Centrifuge the mixture at 300 x g for 3 minutes to separate the cells and carefully discard the supernatant containing residual freezing medium. Optionally, skip centrifugation but remove any remaining freezing medium after 24 hours.                          |
|                                          | 7. Gently resuspend the cell pellet in 10 ml of fresh culture medium. For adherent cells, divide the suspension between two T25 culture flasks; for suspension cultures, transfer all the medium into one T25 flask to promote effective cell interaction and growth. |
|                                          | 8. Adhere to established subculture protocols for continued growth and maintenance of the cell line, ensuring reliable experimental outcomes.                                                                                                                         |

### Quality control / Genetic profile / HLA

#### Sterility

Mycoplasma contamination is excluded using both PCR-based assays and luminescence-based mycoplasma detection methods.

To ensure there is no bacterial, fungal, or yeast contamination, cell cultures are subjected to daily visual inspections.



| STR profile | Amelogenin: x,x         CSFIP0: 9,10         D13S317: 12,13.3         D16S539: 9,10         D5S818: 11,12         D7S820: 8,12         TH01: 7         TPOX: 8,12         vWA: 16,18         D2S511: 27,28         D18S51: 16         Penta E: 7,17         Penta D: 8,15         D8S179: 12,13         FGA: 18,21         D2S1338: 17         D2IS338: 17         D2IS338: 17         D2IS338: 17 |
|-------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| HLA alleles | A*: 68:02:01<br>B*: 15:03:01<br>C*: 12:03:01<br>DRB1*: 01:02:01<br>DQA1*: 01:01:02<br>DQB1*: 05:01:01<br>DPB1*: 01:01:01<br>E: 01:03:02                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |