Product sheet

AT-1 Cells | 500121

General information

Description	The AT-1 cell line was derived from a spontaneous Dunning R-3327 rat prostatic cancer. The cell line is anaplastic and has low metastatic ability.
Organism	Rat
Tissue	Prostate
Disease	Adenocarcinoma
Synonyms	R-3327-AT-1, AT1, AT-1-TC, Dunning R-3327 AT-1, R3327-AT1

Characteristics

Morphology	Epithelial-like
Growth properties	Adherent. The cells form clusters in soft agar and can be adapted to suspension growth

Identifiers / Biosafety / Citation

Citation	AT-1 (Cytion catalog number 500121)
Biosafety level	1

Expression / Mutation

Tumorigenic	Yes, in rat and nude mice

Handling

Culture Medium	RPMI 1640, w: 2.1 mM stable Glutamine, w: 2.0 g/L NaHCO3 (Cytion article number 820700a)
Medium supplements	Supplement the medium with 10% FBS
Passaging solution	Accutase

Subculturing	Remove the old medium from the adherent cells and wash them with PBS that lacks calcium and magnesium. For T25 flasks, use 3-5 ml of PBS, and for T75 flasks, use 5-10 ml. Then, cover the cells completely with Accutase, using 1-2 ml for T25 flasks and 2.5 ml for T75 flasks. Let the cells incubate at room temperature for 8-10 minutes to detach them. After incubation, gently mix the cells with 10 ml of medium to resuspend them, then centrifuge at 300xg for 3 minutes. Discard the supernatant, resuspend the cells in fresh medium, and transfer them into new flasks that already contain fresh medium.
Split ratio	A ratio of 1:3 to 1:6 is recommended
Seeding density	1 x 10^4 cells/cm^2
Fluid renewal	2 to 3 times per week
Freezing recovery	After thawing, plate the cells at 4 x 10^4 cells/cm^2 and allow the cells to recover from the freezing process and to adhere for at least 48 hours.
Freeze medium	CM-1 (Cytion catalog number 800100) or CM-ACF (Cytion catalog number 806100)

Handling of cryopreserved cultures

1. Confirm that the vial remains deeply frozen upon delivery, as cells are shipped on dry ice to maintain optimal temperatures during transit.
2. Upon receipt, either store the cryovial immediately at temperatures below -150?C to ensure the preservation of cellular integrity, or proceed to step 3 if immediate culturing is required.
3. For immediate culturing, swiftly thaw the vial by immersing it in a 37?C water bath with clean water and an antimicrobial agent, agitating gently for 40-60 seconds until a small ice clump remains.
4. Perform all subsequent steps under sterile conditions in a flow hood, disinfecting the cryovial with 70% ethanol before opening.
5. Carefully open the disinfected vial and transfer the cell suspension into a 15 ml centrifuge tube containing 8 ml of room-temperature culture medium, mixing gently.
6. Centrifuge the mixture at 300 x g for 3 minutes to separate the cells and carefully discard the supernatant containing residual freezing medium. Optionally, skip centrifugation but remove any remaining freezing medium after 24 hours.
7. Gently resuspend the cell pellet in 10 ml of fresh culture medium. For adherent cells, divide the suspension between two T25 culture flasks; for suspension cultures, transfer all the medium into one T25 flask to promote effective cell interaction and growth.
8. Adhere to established subculture protocols for continued growth and maintenance of the cell line, ensuring reliable experimental outcomes.

Quality control / Genetic profile / HLA

Sterility

Mycoplasma contamination is excluded using both PCR-based assays and luminescence-based mycoplasma detection methods.

To ensure there is no bacterial, fungal, or yeast contamination, cell cultures are subjected to daily visual inspections.

STR profile

Rat_D1Wox31: 100
Rat_D2Wox37: 156
Rat_D19Wox11: 228
Rat_D10Wox8: 266
Rat_D4Wox7: 145
Rat_D2Wox27: 223
Rat_D5Rat33: 134,136
Rat_D10Wox11: 171
Rat_D1Wox23: 226
Rat_D12Wox1: 410
Rat_D6Wox2: 112
Rat_D8Wox7: 179
Rat_D6Cebr1: 223
SRY: x,x