

## HROC222 T1 M2 Cells | 300859

### General information

#### Description

HROC222 T1 M2 is a human colorectal adenocarcinoma cell line established within the HROC (Hansestadt Rostock Colorectal Cancer) model collection from a primary tumor resected from an adult patient. The designation “T1” indicates that the specimen was obtained at the first surgical time point, while “M2” denotes the corresponding in vitro model generated from this tumor. The HROC platform integrates comprehensive biobanking, standardized molecular annotation, and parallel establishment of patient-derived xenografts (PDX) and permanent low-passage cell lines, enabling clinically annotated translational research models.

Generation of HROC222 T1 M2 followed standardized procedures involving mechanical dissociation of freshly resected tumor tissue, preparation of single-cell suspensions, and seeding onto collagen-coated culture plates in defined tumor cell culture medium supplemented with glutamine, antibiotics, and antimycotics. Across the HROC cohort, permanent primary colorectal cancer cell lines were successfully established from approximately 13% of attempted specimens. Statistical analysis identified higher tumor grading as significantly associated with successful primary cell line establishment, while advanced nodal status showed a positive trend. In multivariate analysis across the collection, nodal involvement emerged as an independent predictor of model establishment success.

The HROC collection encompasses all major molecular subtypes of colorectal carcinoma, including chromosomal instability (CIN), CpG island methylator phenotype (CIMP), microsatellite stable (MSS), and microsatellite instability-high (MSI-H) tumors, as well as diverse mutational backgrounds affecting key driver genes such as KRAS, BRAF, TP53, APC, and PIK3CA. HROC222 T1 M2 was generated within this rigorously characterized framework, permitting integration with detailed clinicopathological and molecular data and, where available, corresponding PDX material. As a low-passage, patient-derived colorectal carcinoma model, HROC222 T1 M2 is suitable for investigations of tumor biology, genotype-phenotype relationships, and preclinical therapeutic testing within precision oncology research.

**Organism** Human

**Tissue** Transverse colon

**Disease** Adenocarcinoma

### Characteristics

**Age** 79 years

**Gender** Male

**Ethnicity** Caucasian

**Growth properties** Adherent

**HROC222 T1 M2 Cells | 300859****Regulatory Data**

|                             |  |
|-----------------------------|--|
| <b>Citation</b>             | HROC222 T1 M2 (Cytion catalog number 300859) |
| <b>Biosafety level</b>      | 1  |
| <b>NCBI_TaxID</b>           | 9606   |
| <b>CellosaurusAccession</b> | CVCL_VQ93                                    |

**Biomolecular Data****Handling**

|                             |   |
|-----------------------------|---|
| <b>Culture Medium</b>       | DMEM:Ham's F12 (1:1), w: 3.1 g/L Glucose, w: 2.5 mM L-Glutamine, w: 15 mM HEPES, w: 0.5 mM Sodium pyruvate, w: 1.2 g/L NaHCO <sub>3</sub> (Cytion article number 820400a)   |
| <b>Supplements</b>          | Supplement the medium with 10% FBS  |
| <b>Dissociation Reagent</b> | Accutase  |
| <b>Subculturing</b>         | Remove the old medium from the adherent cells and wash them with PBS that lacks calcium and magnesium. For T25 flasks, use 3-5 ml of PBS, and for T75 flasks, use 5-10 ml. Then, cover the cells completely with Accutase, using 1-2 ml for T25 flasks and 2.5 ml for T75 flasks. Let the cells incubate at room temperature for 8-10 minutes to detach them. After incubation, gently mix the cells with 10 ml of medium to resuspend them, then centrifuge at 300xg for 3 minutes. Discard the supernatant, resuspend the cells in fresh medium, and transfer them into new flasks that already contain fresh medium. |
| <b>Fluid renewal</b>        | Every 3 to 5 days   |
| <b>Freeze medium</b>        | As a cryopreservation medium, we use complete growth medium (including FBS) + 10% DMSO for adequate post-thaw viability, or CM-1 (Cytion catalog number 800100), which includes optimized osmoprotectants and metabolic stabilizers to enhance recovery and reduce cryo-induced stress.   |

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### Thawing and Culturing Cells

1. Confirm that the vial remains deeply frozen upon delivery, as cells are shipped on dry ice to maintain optimal temperatures during transit.
2. Upon receipt, either store the cryovial immediately at temperatures below  $-150^{\circ}\text{C}$  to ensure the preservation of cellular integrity, or proceed to step 3 if immediate culturing is required.
3. For immediate culturing, swiftly thaw the vial by immersing it in a  $37^{\circ}\text{C}$  water bath with clean water and an antimicrobial agent, agitating gently for 40-60 seconds until a small ice clump remains.
4. Perform all subsequent steps under sterile conditions in a flow hood, disinfecting the cryovial with 70% ethanol before opening.
5. Carefully open the disinfected vial and transfer the cell suspension into a 15 ml centrifuge tube containing 8 ml of room-temperature culture medium, mixing gently.
6. Centrifuge the mixture at  $300 \times g$  for 3 minutes to separate the cells and carefully discard the supernatant containing residual freezing medium.
7. Gently resuspend the cell pellet in 10 ml of fresh culture medium. For adherent cells, divide the suspension between two T25 culture flasks; for suspension cultures, transfer all the medium into one T25 flask to promote effective cell interaction and growth.
8. Adhere to established subculture protocols for continued growth and maintenance of the cell line, ensuring reliable experimental outcomes.

### Incubation Atmosphere

$37^{\circ}\text{C}$ , 5%  $\text{CO}_2$ , humidified atmosphere.

### Shipping Conditions

Cryopreserved cell lines are shipped on dry ice in validated, insulated packaging with sufficient refrigerant to maintain approximately  $-78^{\circ}\text{C}$  throughout transit. On receipt, inspect the container immediately and transfer vials without delay to appropriate storage.

### Storage Conditions

For long-term preservation, place vials in vapor-phase liquid nitrogen at about  $-150$  to  $-196^{\circ}\text{C}$ . Storage at  $-80^{\circ}\text{C}$  is acceptable only as a short interim step before transfer to liquid nitrogen.

## Quality Control & Molecular Analysis

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**Sterility**

Mycoplasma contamination is excluded using both PCR-based assays and luminescence-based mycoplasma detection methods.

To ensure there is no bacterial, fungal, or yeast contamination, cell cultures are subjected to daily visual inspections.