

A704 Cells | 300217

General information

Description

A-704 is a human epithelial cell line derived from kidney tissue of a 78-year-old male patient with adenocarcinoma. This cell line exhibits an epithelial morphology. It is a valuable resource in cancer research, particularly for studying adenocarcinoma. A-704 is a versatile cell line with applications in 3D cell culture and as a transfection host.

Derived by D.J. Giard, A-704 maintains consistency and reliability in experimental settings. Karyotype analysis reveals that A-704 cells exhibit abnormalities such as breaks, dicentrics, and endoreduplication, ranging from diploid to hyperdiploid, hypertriploid to hypertetraploid.

While not tumorigenic in immunosuppressed mice, A-704 cells can form colonies in a semisolid medium. A-704 cells exhibit specific isoenzyme profiles, including AK-1, ES-D, G6PD, GLO-I, Me-2, PGM1, and PGM3.

Organism

Human

Tissue

Kidney

Disease

Adenocarcinoma

Synonyms

A.704, A-704

Characteristics

Age

78 years

Gender

Male

Ethnicity

Caucasian

Morphology

Epithelial-like

Growth properties

Monolayer, adherent

Regulatory Data

Citation

A704 (Cytion catalog number 300217)

Biosafety level

1

A704 Cells | 300217

NCBI_TaxID 9606

CellosaurusAccession CVCL_1065

Biomolecular Data

Isoenzymes Me-2, 1, PGM3, 1-2, PGM1, 1, ES-D, 1, AK-1, 1, GLO-1, 2, G6PD, B

Tumorigenic No

Karyotype (P59) diploid to hyperdiploid, hypertriploid to hypertetraploid with abnormalities including breaks, dicentrics and endoreduplication

Handling

Culture Medium EMEM (MEM Eagle), w: 2 mM L-Glutamine, w: 2.2 g/L NaHCO₃, w: EBSS (Cytion article number 820100a)

Supplements Supplement the medium with 10% FBS and 1% NEAA

Dissociation Reagent Accutase

Subculturing Remove the old medium from the adherent cells and wash them with PBS that lacks calcium and magnesium. For T25 flasks, use 3-5 ml of PBS, and for T75 flasks, use 5-10 ml. Then, cover the cells completely with Accutase, using 1-2 ml for T25 flasks and 2.5 ml for T75 flasks. Let the cells incubate at room temperature for 8-10 minutes to detach them. After incubation, gently mix the cells with 10 ml of medium to resuspend them, then centrifuge at 300xg for 3 minutes. Discard the supernatant, resuspend the cells in fresh medium, and transfer them into new flasks that already contain fresh medium.

Seeding density 1×10^4 cells/cm² will result in a confluent monolayer within 4 days.**Fluid renewal** 2 to 3 times per week**Post-Thaw Recovery** After thawing, plate the cells at 5×10^4 cells/cm² and allow the cells to recover from the freezing process and to adhere for at least 24 hours.**Freeze medium** As a cryopreservation medium, we use complete growth medium (including FBS) + 10% DMSO for adequate post-thaw viability, or CM-1 (Cytion catalog number 800100), which includes optimized osmoprotectants and metabolic stabilizers to enhance recovery and reduce cryo-induced stress.

A704 Cells | 300217

Thawing and Culturing Cells

1. Confirm that the vial remains deeply frozen upon delivery, as cells are shipped on dry ice to maintain optimal temperatures during transit.
2. Upon receipt, either store the cryovial immediately at temperatures below -150°C to ensure the preservation of cellular integrity, or proceed to step 3 if immediate culturing is required.
3. For immediate culturing, swiftly thaw the vial by immersing it in a 37°C water bath with clean water and an antimicrobial agent, agitating gently for 40-60 seconds until a small ice clump remains.
4. Perform all subsequent steps under sterile conditions in a flow hood, disinfecting the cryovial with 70% ethanol before opening.
5. Carefully open the disinfected vial and transfer the cell suspension into a 15 ml centrifuge tube containing 8 ml of room-temperature culture medium, mixing gently.
6. Centrifuge the mixture at 300 x g for 3 minutes to separate the cells and carefully discard the supernatant containing residual freezing medium.
7. Gently resuspend the cell pellet in 10 ml of fresh culture medium. For adherent cells, divide the suspension between two T25 culture flasks; for suspension cultures, transfer all the medium into one T25 flask to promote effective cell interaction and growth.
8. Adhere to established subculture protocols for continued growth and maintenance of the cell line, ensuring reliable experimental outcomes.

Incubation Atmosphere

37°C, 5% CO₂, humidified atmosphere.

Shipping Conditions

Cryopreserved cell lines are shipped on dry ice in validated, insulated packaging with sufficient refrigerant to maintain approximately -78 °C throughout transit. On receipt, inspect the container immediately and transfer vials without delay to appropriate storage.

Storage Conditions

For long-term preservation, place vials in vapor-phase liquid nitrogen at about -150 to -196 °C. Storage at -80 °C is acceptable only as a short interim step before transfer to liquid nitrogen.

Quality Control & Molecular Analysis

A704 Cells | 300217

Sterility

Mycoplasma contamination is excluded using both PCR-based assays and luminescence-based mycoplasma detection methods.

To ensure there is no bacterial, fungal, or yeast contamination, cell cultures are subjected to daily visual inspections.