

LS180 Cells | 305823

General information

Description

LS180 is a human colon adenocarcinoma cell line established from the primary tumor of an adult female patient with moderately well-differentiated colon adenocarcinoma that had metastasized to the pericolic adipose tissue. The cells are epithelial in morphology, with an oval to polygonal shape and diameters ranging from 20 to 40 µm. They exhibit ultrastructural characteristics typical of normal colonic mucosal cells, including abundant microvilli-particularly prominent in secretory cells-and the presence of intracytoplasmic mucin vacuoles. These cells display hallmark features of neoplasia, including high levels of carcinoembryonic antigen (CEA) production and the ability to form tumors in both hamster cheek pouches and immunodeficient mice, indicating their tumorigenic potential in vivo.

LS180 cells were notable for their exceptionally high levels of CEA production, releasing approximately 900 times more CEA per cell into the culture medium and carrying 30 times more cell-associated CEA than other colon cancer lines such as HT-29. This makes LS180 a valuable model for studying the biochemical, immunological, and functional properties of neoplastic colonic epithelium, particularly in relation to CEA-associated tumor markers. The cells have been karyotyped and confirmed to have abnormal chromosomal complements consistent with neoplastic transformation. Their epithelial identity and tumor-associated traits make them suitable for use in immunological assays, drug screening, and studies on colorectal cancer biology and therapeutic response.

Additionally, LS180 is part of the Cancer Cell Line Encyclopedia (CCLE), where it has been deeply characterized through multi-omics profiling including proteomics, transcriptomics, and mutation data. LS180 is classified as a microsatellite instable (MSI) cell line, a phenotype associated with a hypermutated genome and known to affect proteome organization and therapeutic vulnerabilities. The proteomic analysis of LS180 revealed that MSI cell lines, including LS180, exhibit significant dysregulation of protein complexes involved in mutation surveillance and translational control, offering insights into mechanisms of drug sensitivity and resistance. The proteomic data further support that large-scale pathway-level coordination in protein expression in LS180 is decoupled from RNA expression, underscoring the importance of direct protein-level investigations.

Organism Human

Tissue Colon

Disease Adenocarcinoma

Synonyms LS-180, LS 180, Laboratory of Surgery 180

Characteristics

Age 58 years

Gender Female

Ethnicity Caucasian

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Cell type	Epithelial cell of colon
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Growth properties	Adherent
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Regulatory Data

Citation	LS180 (Cytion catalog number 305823)
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Biosafety level	1
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NCBI_TaxID	9606
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CellosaurusAccession	CVCL_0397
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Biomolecular Data

Antigen expression	Serologically defined colon cancer antigen 3; Homo sapiens, expressed HLA A2, B13, B50; Blood type O
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Isoenzymes	ADA, 1 ES-D, 1 G6PD, B PEP-D, 1 PGD, A PGM1, 1 PGM3, 2
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Tumorigenic	Yes; Yes, in nude mice
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Mutational profile	Mutation: ACVR2A, Simple, p.Lys437Argfs*5 (c.1310delA), Homozygous, Mutation, CTNNB1, Simple, p.Ser45Phe (c.134C>T), Homozygous, KRAS, Simple, p.Gly12Asp (c.35G>A), Heterozygous. Mutation, PIK3CA, Simple, p.His1047Arg (c.3140A>G), Unspecified Mutation, TGFBR2, Simple, p.Lys128Serfs*35 (c.383delA), Homozygous; Mutation, TP53
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Karyotype	Modal number = 45; range = 42 to 47.
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Handling

Culture Medium	EMEM (MEM Eagle), w: 2 mM L-Glutamine, w: 2.2 g/L NaHCO ₃ , w: EBSS (Cytion article number 820100a)
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Supplements	Supplement the medium with 10% FBS
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Dissociation Reagent	Accutase
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Doubling time 72 hours

Freeze medium

As a cryopreservation medium, we use complete growth medium (including FBS) + 10% DMSO for adequate post-thaw viability, or CM-1 (Cytion catalog number 800100), which includes optimized osmoprotectants and metabolic stabilizers to enhance recovery and reduce cryo-induced stress.

Thawing and Culturing Cells

1. Confirm that the vial remains deeply frozen upon delivery, as cells are shipped on dry ice to maintain optimal temperatures during transit.
2. Upon receipt, either store the cryovial immediately at temperatures below -150°C to ensure the preservation of cellular integrity, or proceed to step 3 if immediate culturing is required.
3. For immediate culturing, swiftly thaw the vial by immersing it in a 37°C water bath with clean water and an antimicrobial agent, agitating gently for 40-60 seconds until a small ice clump remains.
4. Perform all subsequent steps under sterile conditions in a flow hood, disinfecting the cryovial with 70% ethanol before opening.
5. Carefully open the disinfected vial and transfer the cell suspension into a 15 ml centrifuge tube containing 8 ml of room-temperature culture medium, mixing gently.
6. Centrifuge the mixture at $300 \times g$ for 3 minutes to separate the cells and carefully discard the supernatant containing residual freezing medium.
7. Gently resuspend the cell pellet in 10 ml of fresh culture medium. For adherent cells, divide the suspension between two T25 culture flasks; for suspension cultures, transfer all the medium into one T25 flask to promote effective cell interaction and growth.
8. Adhere to established subculture protocols for continued growth and maintenance of the cell line, ensuring reliable experimental outcomes.

Incubation Atmosphere

37°C , 5% CO_2 , humidified atmosphere.

Shipping Conditions

Cryopreserved cell lines are shipped on dry ice in validated, insulated packaging with sufficient refrigerant to maintain approximately -78°C throughout transit. On receipt, inspect the container immediately and transfer vials without delay to appropriate storage.

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Storage Conditions

For long-term preservation, place vials in vapor-phase liquid nitrogen at about -150 to -196 °C. Storage at -80 °C is acceptable only as a short interim step before transfer to liquid nitrogen.

Quality Control & Molecular Analysis

Sterility

Mycoplasma contamination is excluded using both PCR-based assays and luminescence-based mycoplasma detection methods.

To ensure there is no bacterial, fungal, or yeast contamination, cell cultures are subjected to daily visual inspections.